

**Module 06**

# **Geometric Context**

**CS 106 Winter 2018**

`translate()`

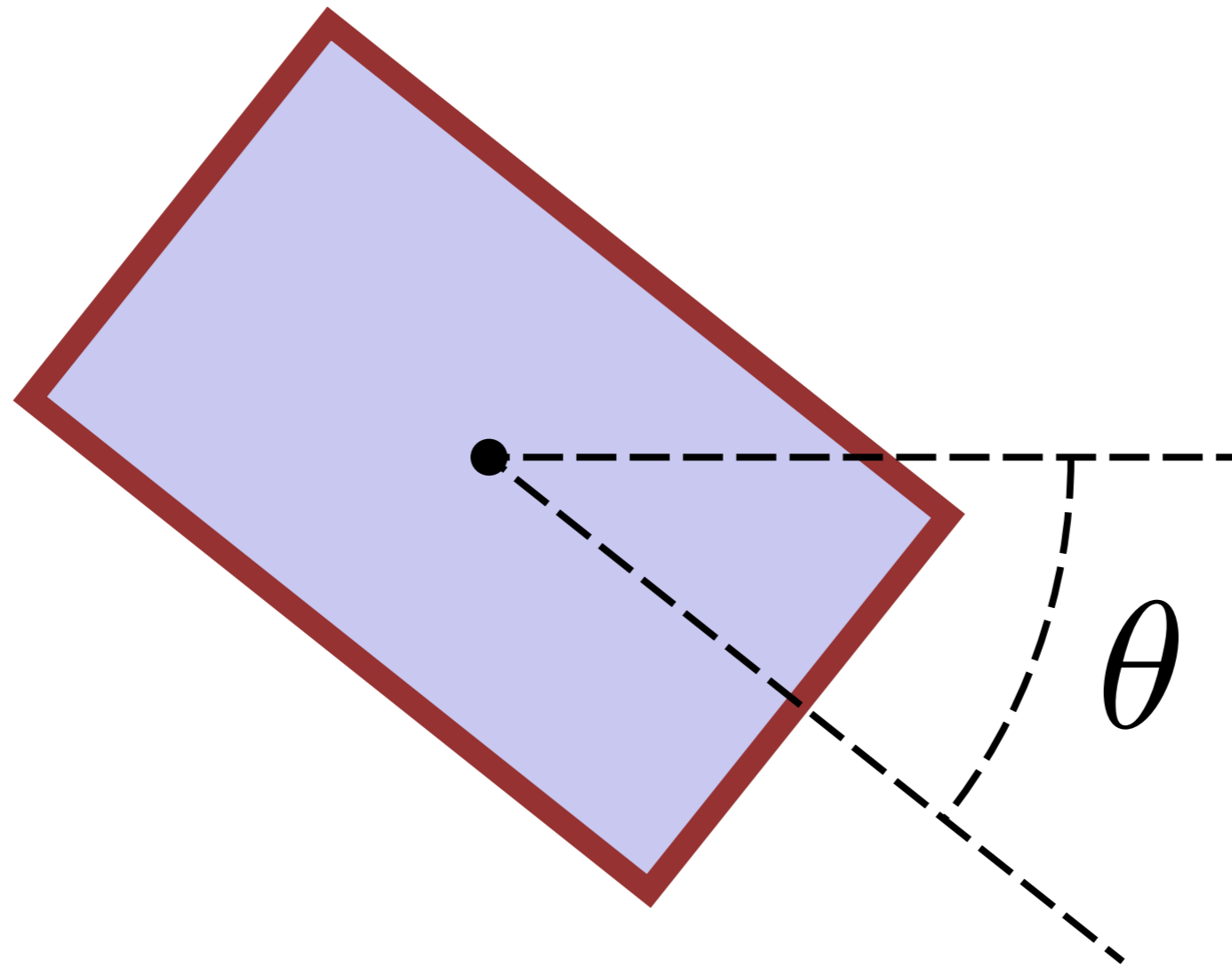
`rotate()`

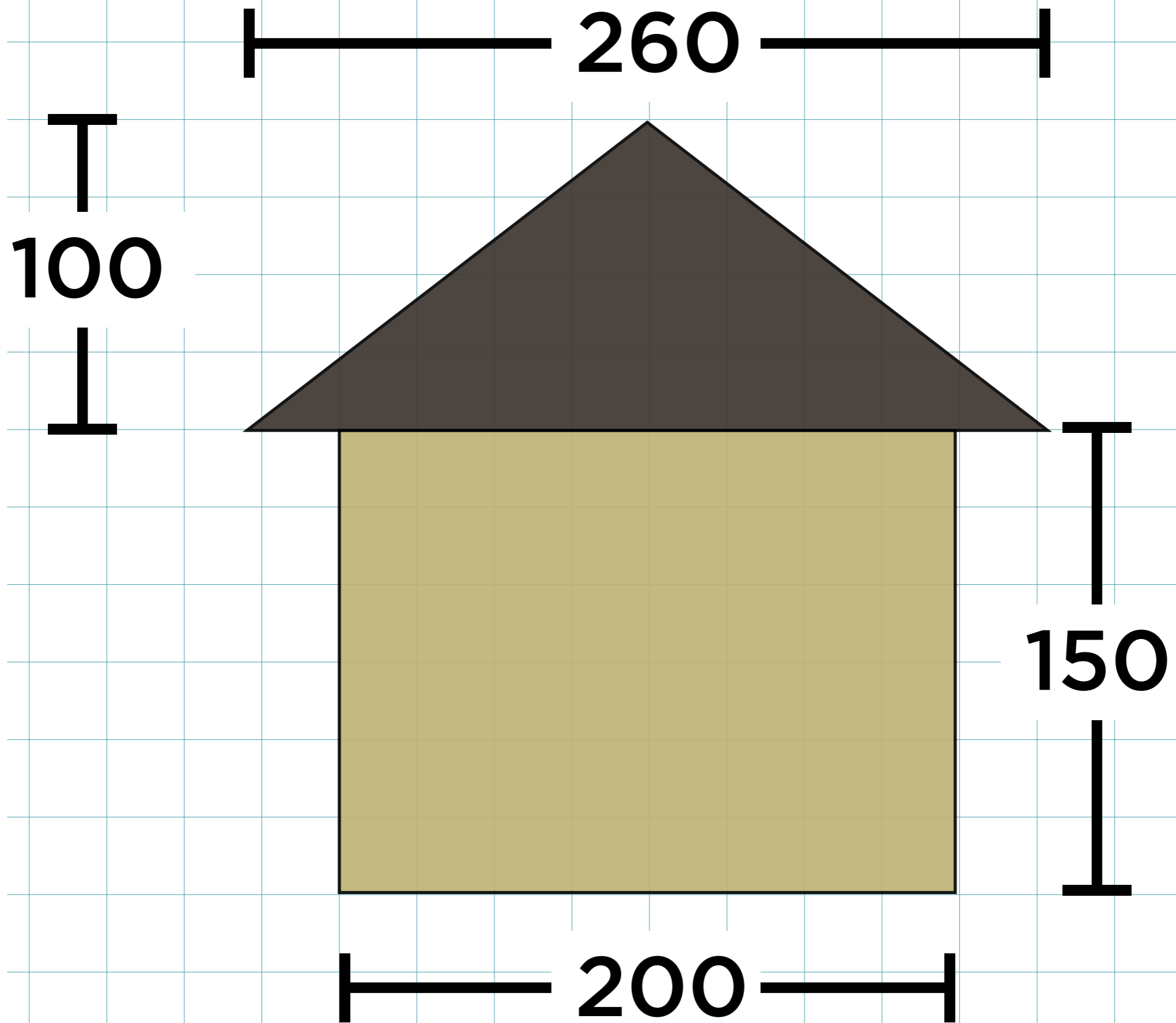
`scale()`

`pushMatrix()`

`popMatrix()`

# Limitations





```
void setup()  
{  
  size( 300, 300 );  
  background( 255 );  
  
  fill( 191, 179, 117 );  
  rect( 50, 125, 200, 150 );  
  fill( 62, 54, 47 );  
  triangle( 150, 25, 20, 125, 280, 125 );  
}
```

```
void setup()  
{  
  size( 300, 300 );  
  background( 255 );  
  
  fill( 191, 179, 117 );  
  rect( 60, 125, 200, 150 );  
  fill( 62, 54, 47 );  
  triangle( 160, 25, 30, 125, 290, 125 );  
}
```

# Two houses

```
void setup()
{
  size( 600, 350 );
  background( 255 );

  fill( 191, 179, 117 );
  rect( 50, 125, 200, 150 );
  fill( 62, 54, 47 );
  triangle( 150, 25, 20, 125, 280, 125 );

  fill( 191, 179, 117 );
  rect( 360, 115, 200, 150 );
  fill( 62, 54, 47 );
  triangle( 460, 15, 330, 115, 590, 115 );
}
```

```
void drawHouseAt( float x, float y )  
{
```

```
}
```

```
void setup()
```

```
{
```

```
  size( 600, 350 );
```

```
  background( 255 );
```

```
  drawHouseAt( 0, 0 );
```

```
  drawHouseAt( 310, -10 );
```

```
}
```



```
void drawHouseAt( float x, float y )
{
    fill( 191, 179, 117 );
    rect( 50 + x, 125 + y, 200, 150 );
    fill( 62, 54, 47 );
    triangle( 150 + x, 25 + y, 20 + x, 125 + y, 280 + x, 125 + y );
}
```

```
void setup()
{
    size( 600, 350 );
    background( 255 );

    drawHouseAt( 0, 0 );
    drawHouseAt( 310, -10 );
}
```

```
float global_x = 0.0;
```

```
float global_y = 0.0;
```

```
void myRect( float x, float y, float w, float h )
```

```
{
```

```
    rect( x + global_x, y + global_y, w, h );
```

```
}
```

```
void myTriangle(
```

```
    float ax, float ay,
```

```
    float bx, float by,
```

```
    float cx, float cy )
```

```
{
```

```
    triangle(
```

```
        ax + global_x, ay + global_y,
```

```
        bx + global_x, by + global_y,
```

```
        cx + global_x, cy + global_y );
```

```
}
```

```
void drawHouse()
{
    fill( 191, 179, 117 );
    myRect( 50, 125, 200, 150 );
    fill( 62, 54, 47 );
    myTriangle( 150, 25, 20, 125, 280, 125 );
}
```

```
void setup()
{
    size( 600, 350 );
    background( 255 );

    global_x = 0;
    global_y = 0;
    drawHouse();

    global_x = 310;
    global_y = -10;
    drawHouse();
}
```

```
void myTranslate( float x, float y )
{
    global_x += x;
    global_y += y;
}
```

```
void setup()
{
    size( 600, 350 );
    background( 255 );

    myTranslate( 0, 0 );
    drawHouse();

    myTranslate( 310, -10 );
    drawHouse();
}
```

**The built-in functions** `translate()`, `rect()`  
**and** `triangle()` *already* **do the work of our**  
`myTranslate()`, `myRect()` **and** `myTriangle()`.

**The global amount of translation is the**  
**“geometric context”.**

```
void drawHouse()
{
    fill( 191, 179, 117 );
    rect( 50, 125, 200, 150 );
    fill( 62, 54, 47 );
    triangle( 150, 25, 20, 125, 280, 125 );
}
```

```
void setup()
{
    size( 600, 350 );
    background( 255 );

    drawHouse();

    translate( 310, -10 );
    drawHouse();
}
```

```
void drawHouse()
{
    fill( 191, 179, 117 );
    rect( 50, 125, 200, 150 );
    fill( 62, 54, 47 );
    triangle( 150, 25, 20, 125, 280, 125 );
}
```

```
void setup()
{
    size( 600, 350 );
}
```

```
void draw()
{
    background( 255 );
    translate( mouseX, mouseY );
    drawHouse();
}
```

**Geometric context allows us to draw any object in its “native coordinate system”.**

```
void drawHouse()
```

```
{
```

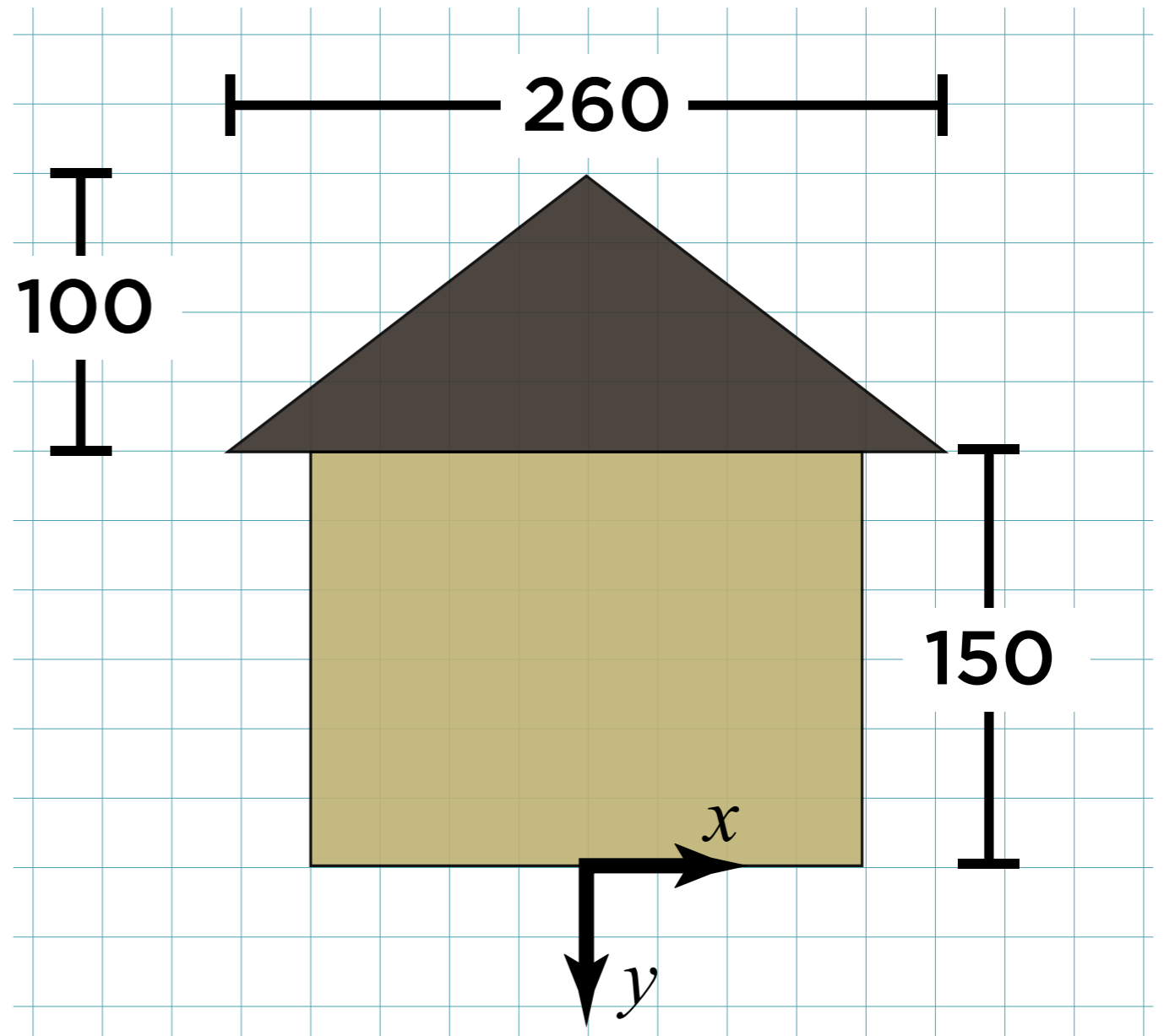
```
  fill( 191, 179, 117 );
```

```
  rect( -100, -150, 200, 150 );
```

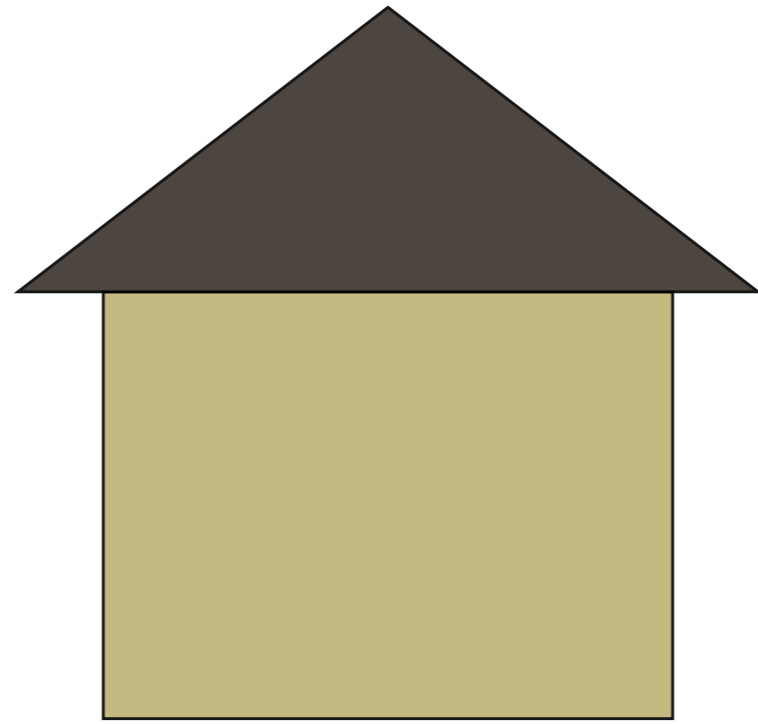
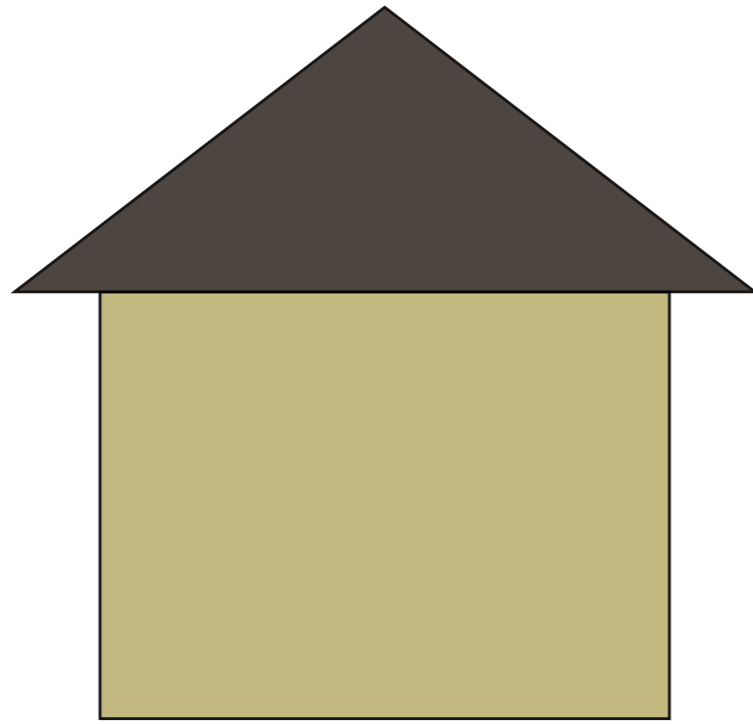
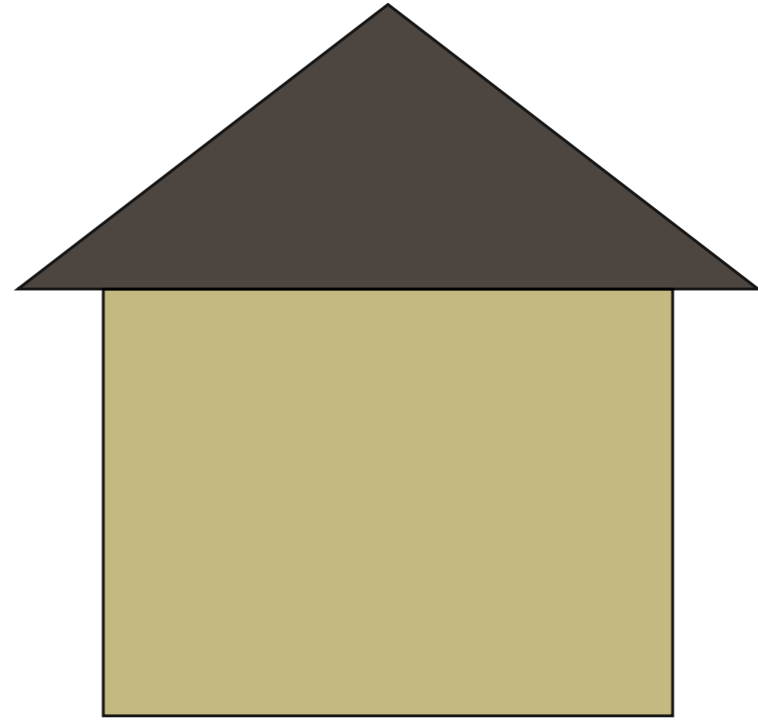
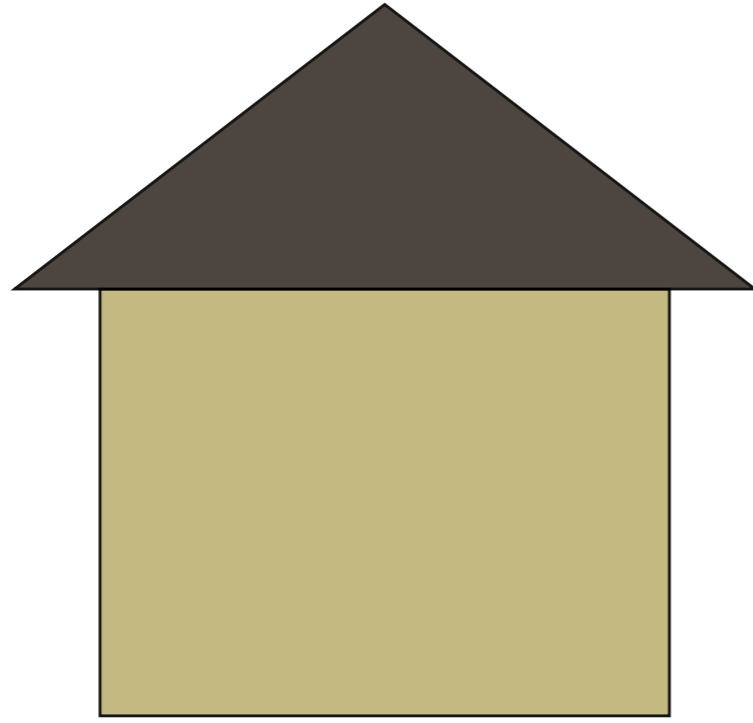
```
  fill( 62, 54, 47 );
```

```
  triangle( -130, -150, 0, -250, 130, -150 );
```

```
}
```







```
void draw()
{
  background( 255 );

  translate( 150, 280 );
  drawHouse();
  translate( 450, 280 );
  drawHouse();
  translate( 150, 580 );
  drawHouse();
  translate( 450, 580 );
  drawHouse();
}
```

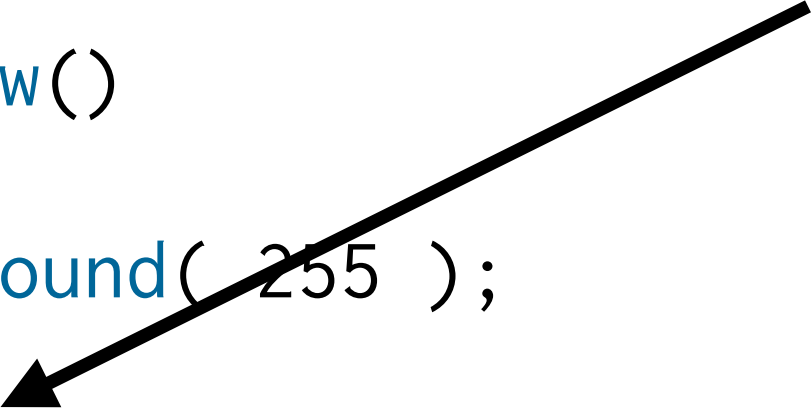
sketch\_170206a



**This doesn't work,  
because transformations  
*accumulate*.**

**Initial context:  
translated by 0, 0**

```
void draw()  
{  
    background( 255 );  
    translate( 150, 280 );  
    drawHouse();  
    translate( 450, 280 );  
    drawHouse();  
    translate( 150, 580 );  
    drawHouse();  
    translate( 450, 580 );  
    drawHouse();  
}
```




```
void draw()
{
    background( 255 );

    translate( 150, 280 );
    drawHouse(); ← Translated by 150, 280
    translate( 450, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 150, 580 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 450, 580 );
    drawHouse();
}
```

```
void draw()
{
    background( 255 );

    translate( 150, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 450, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 150, 580 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 450, 580 );
    drawHouse();
}
```

**Translated by**  
**150 + 450,**  
**280 + 280**



```
void draw()
{
    background( 255 );

    translate( 150, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 450, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 150, 580 );
    drawHouse(); ←
    translate( 450, 580 );
    drawHouse();
}
```

**Translated by**  
**150 + 450 + 150,**  
**280 + 280 + 580**

```
void draw()
{
    background( 255 );

    translate( 150, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 450, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 150, 580 );
    drawHouse();
    translate( 450, 580 );
    drawHouse();
}
```

**Translated by**

**150 + 450 + 150 + 450,  
280 + 280 + 580 + 580**

`pushMatrix()`: **Set a “checkpoint”, remembering the current geometric context.**

`popMatrix()`: **Go back to the most recently saved context.**



```
void draw()
{
    background( 255 );

    pushMatrix();
    translate( 150, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    popMatrix();

    pushMatrix();
    translate( 450, 280 );
    drawHouse();
    popMatrix();

    pushMatrix();
    translate( 150, 580 );
    drawHouse();
    popMatrix();

    pushMatrix();
    translate( 450, 580 );
    drawHouse();
    popMatrix();
}
```

**Draw each house within a temporary context, then throw that context away.**

```
void draw()
{
  background( 255 );

  pushMatrix();
  translate( 150, 280 );
  drawHouse();
  translate( 300, 0 );
  drawHouse();
  popMatrix();

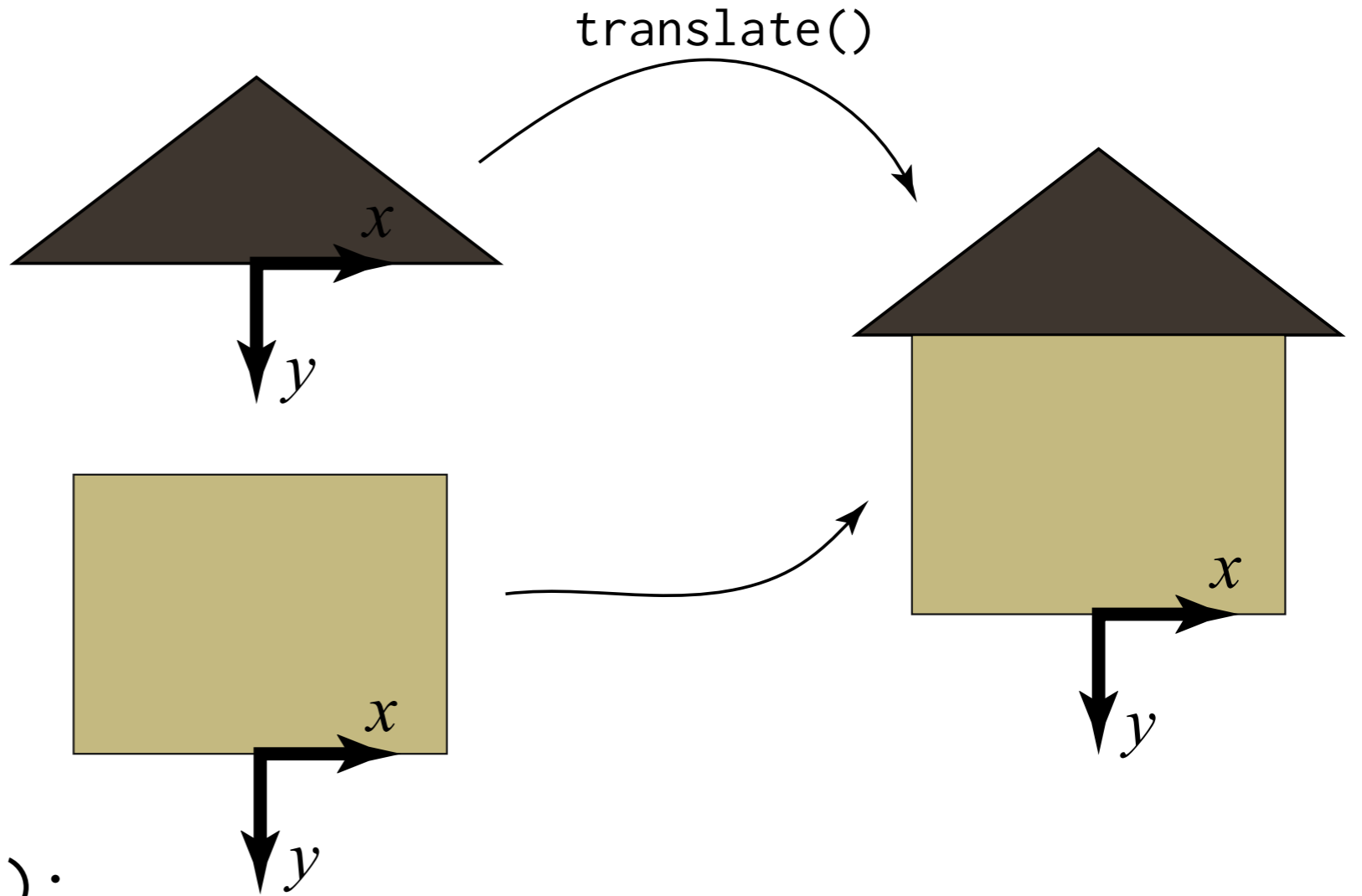
  pushMatrix();
  translate( 150, 580 );
  drawHouse();
  translate( 300, 0 );
  drawHouse();
  popMatrix();
}
```

**Accumulate on purpose!**



```
void drawHouse()
{
  fill( 191, 179, 117 );
  rect( -100, -150, 200, 150 );
  fill( 62, 54, 47 );

  pushMatrix();
  translate( 0, -150 );
  triangle( -130, 0, 0, -100, 130, 0 );
  popMatrix();
}
```

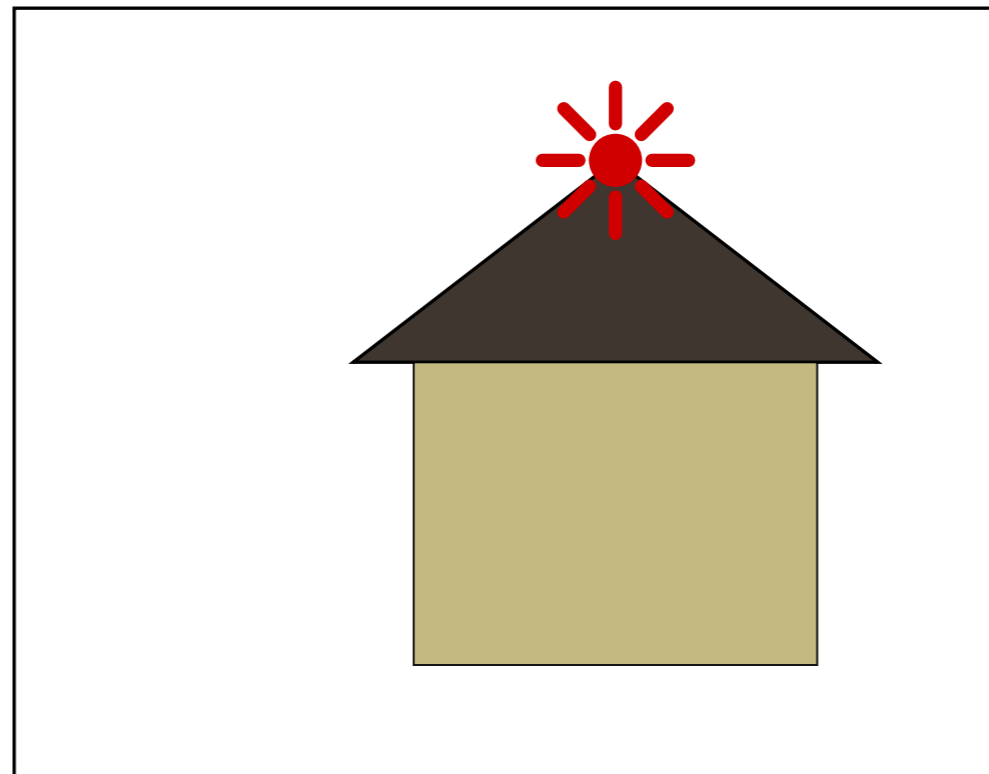
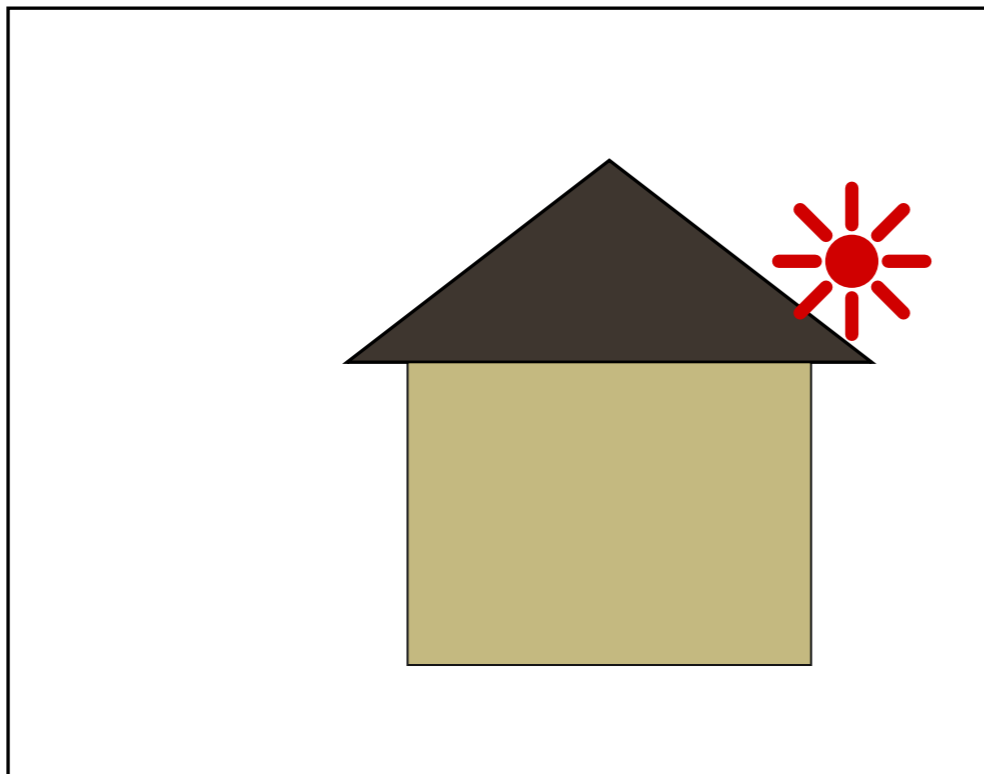
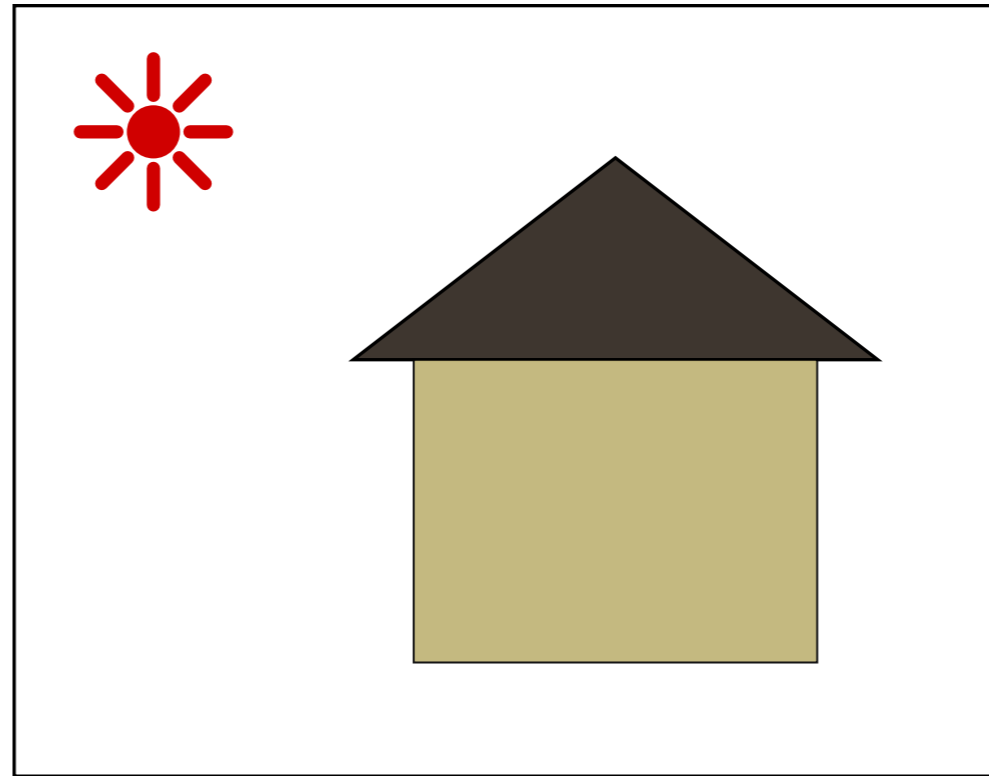
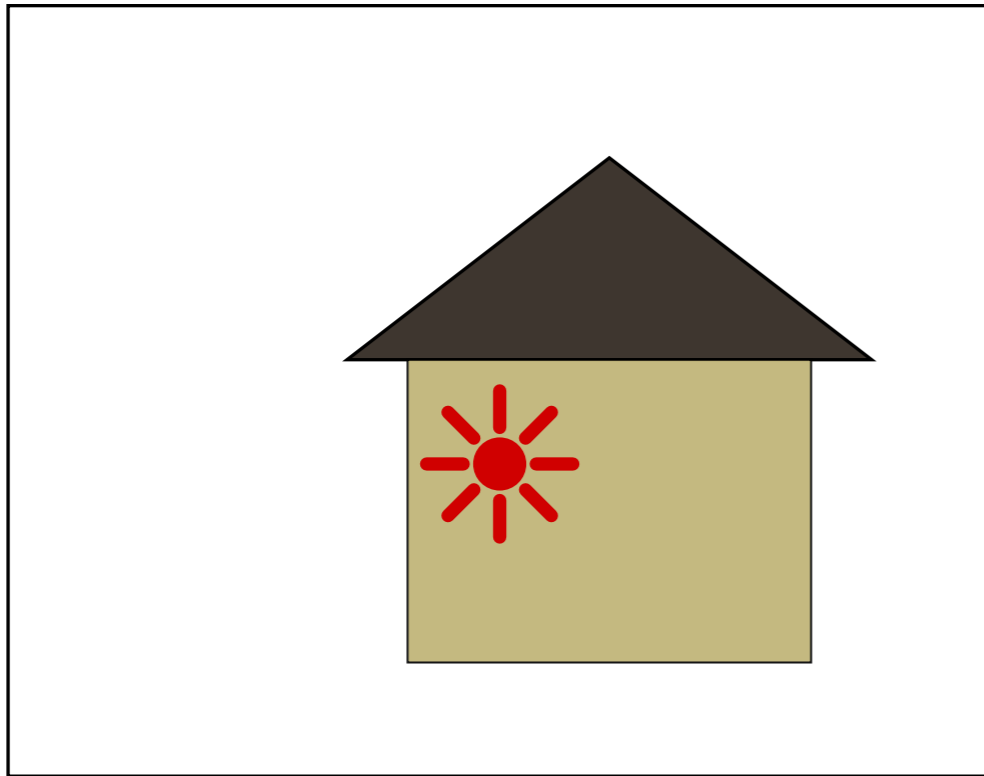


`rotate( theta )`: **Rotate the current geometric context by some angle `theta` (in radians).**

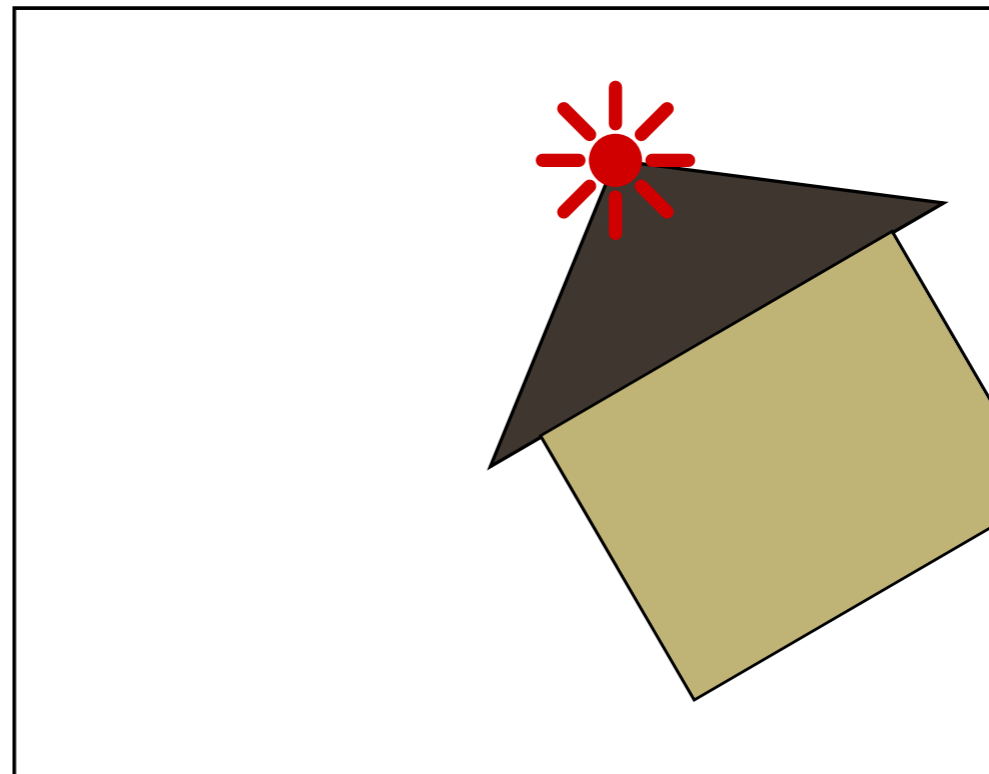
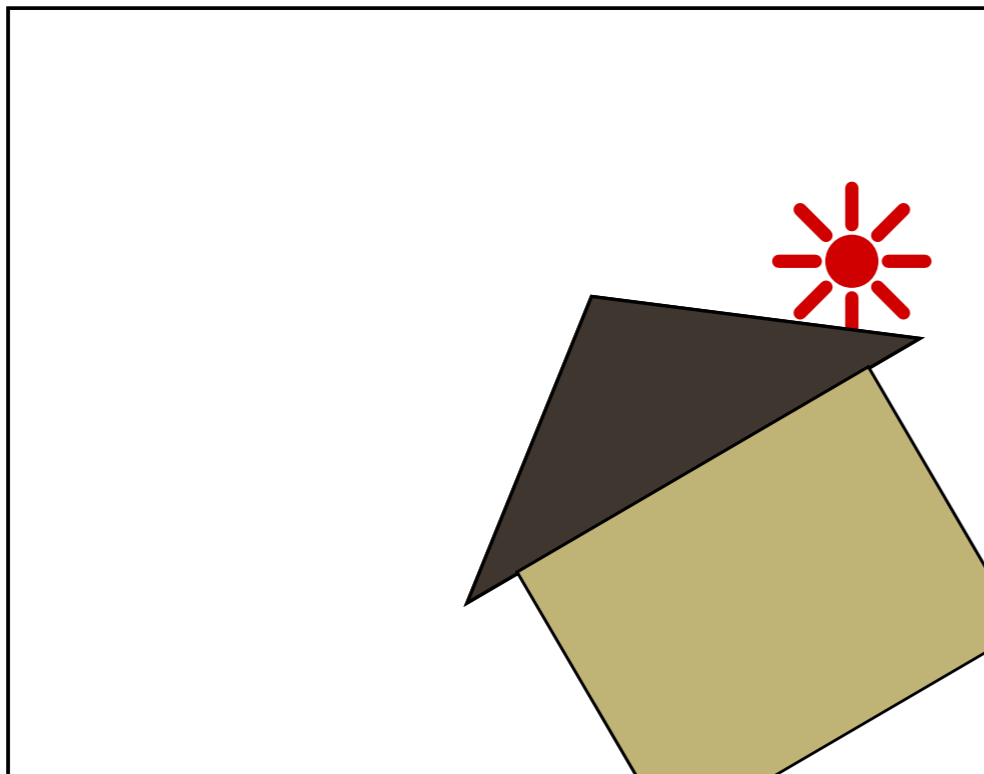
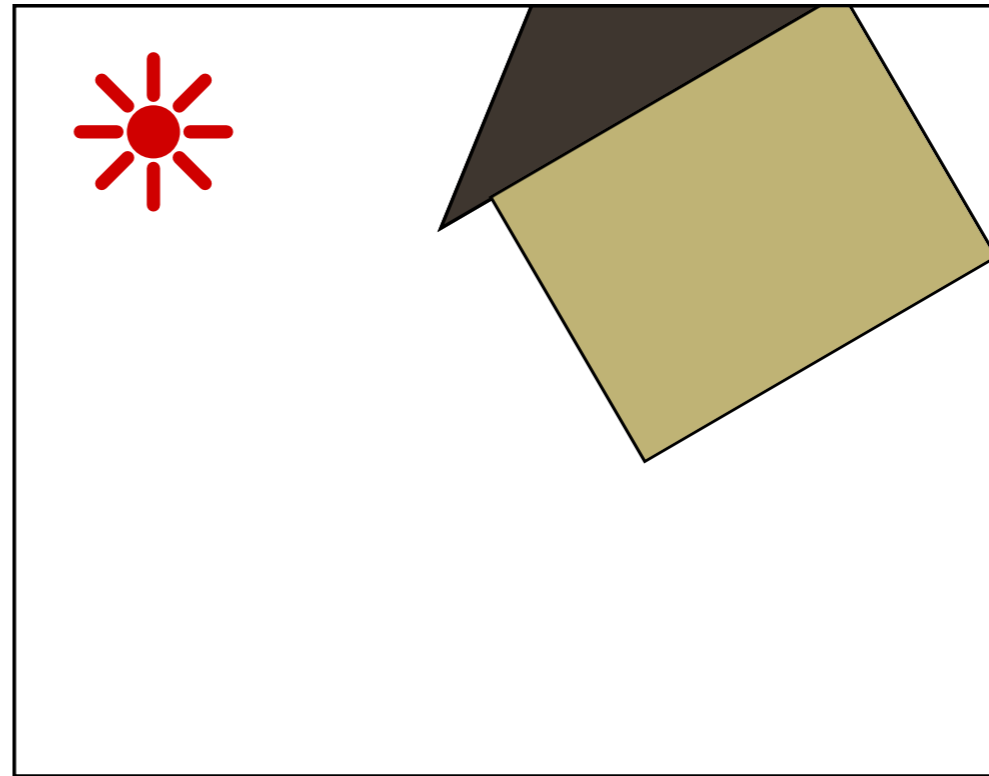
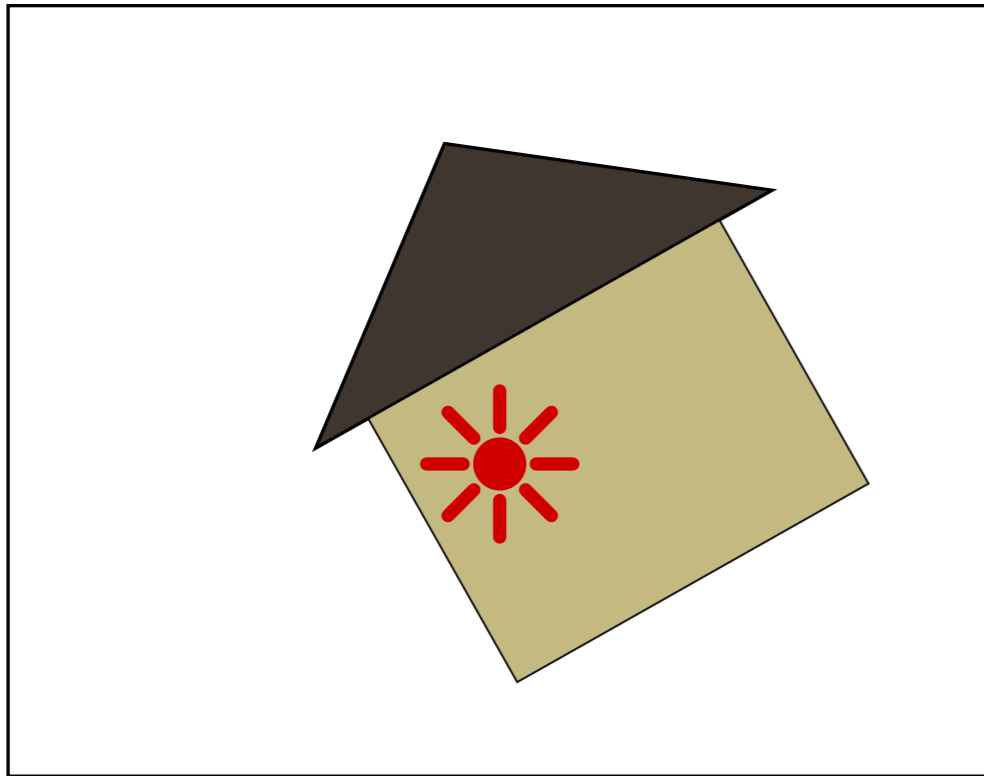
`scale( a, b )`: **Scale the current geometric context by ratios `a` in the x direction and `b` in the y direction.**

`scale( a )`: **Equivalent to `scale( a, a )` (i.e., scale uniformly in x and y).**

# Rotation happens “about a point”.



# Rotation happens “about a point”.

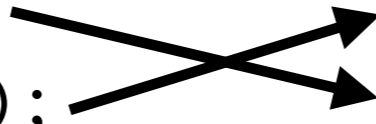


`rotate( theta )`: **Rotate the current geometric context by some angle `theta` (in radians) *about the origin.***

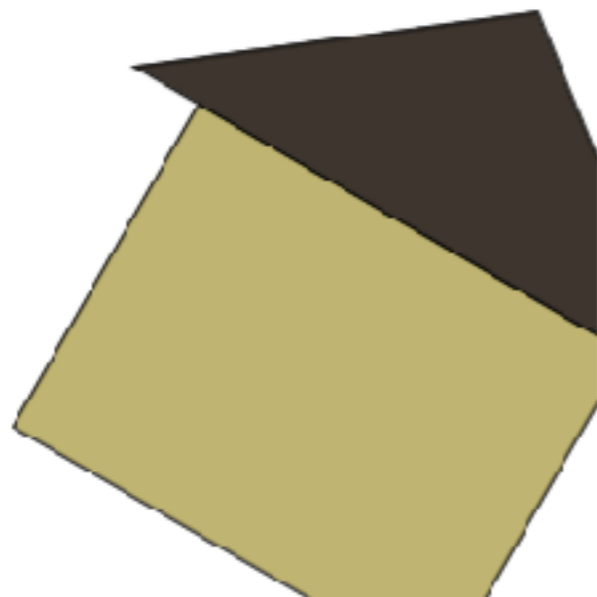
# Order matters!!

```
void draw()  
{  
  background( 255 );  
  
  translate( 150, 280 );  
  rotate( radians( 30 ) );  
  drawHouse();  
}
```

```
void draw()  
{  
  background( 255 );  
  
  rotate( radians( 30 ) );  
  translate( 150, 280 );  
  drawHouse();  
}
```



sketch\_170206a



sketch\_170206a





# Understanding order, Version 1

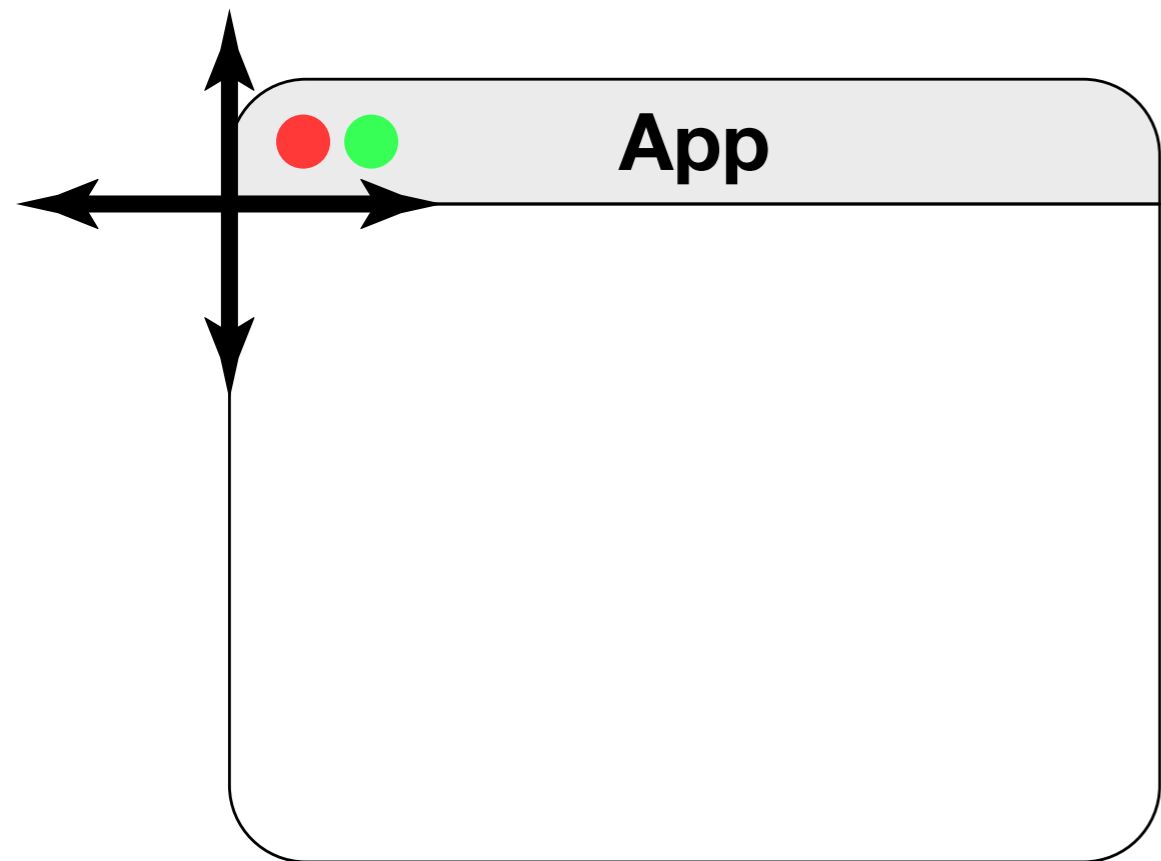
```
void draw()  
{  
  background( 255 );  
  
  translate( 150, 280 );  
  
}
```

**“Whatever happens next, do it in a context that has been translated by (150, 280).”**

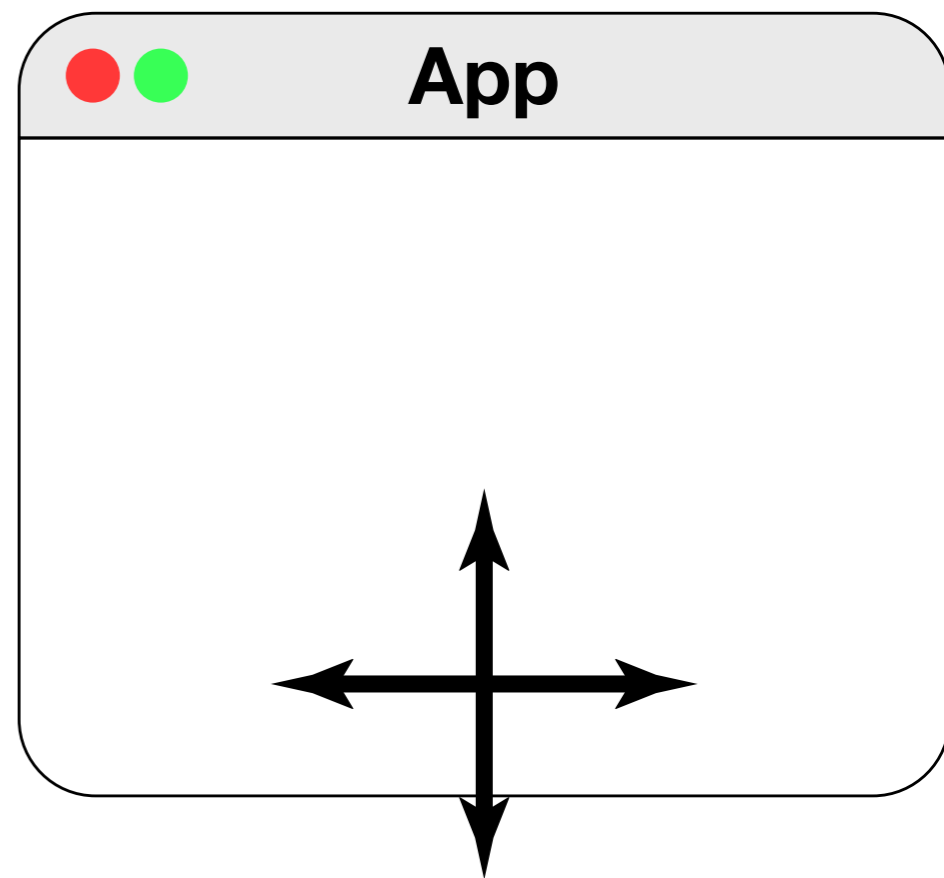
# Understanding order, Version 2

```
void draw()  
{  
    background( 255 );  
  
    translate( 150, 280 );  
  
}
```

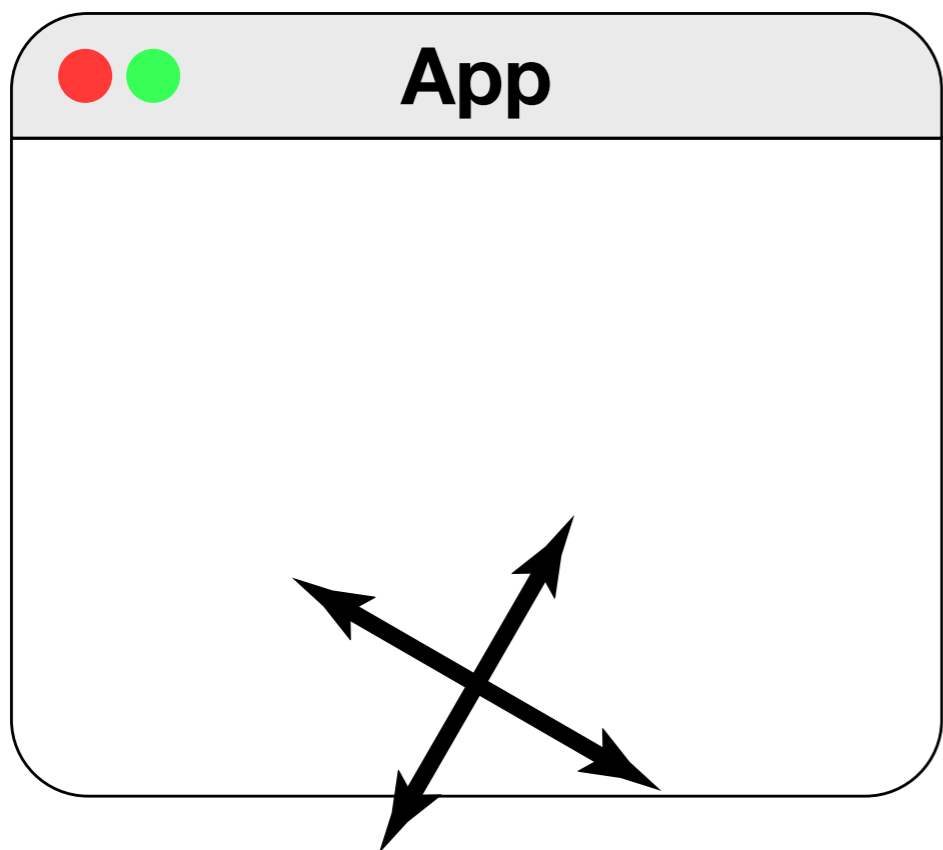
“Translate the actual coordinate axes by this much. Later, draw using these transformed axes.”



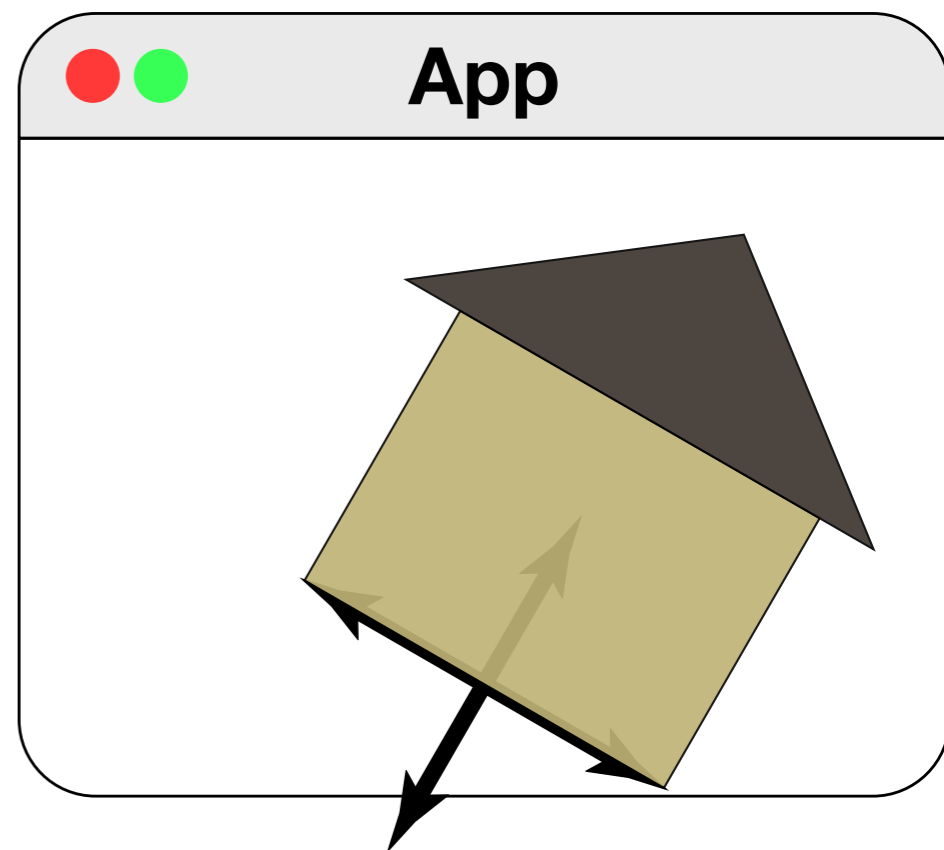
`translate()`



`rotate()`

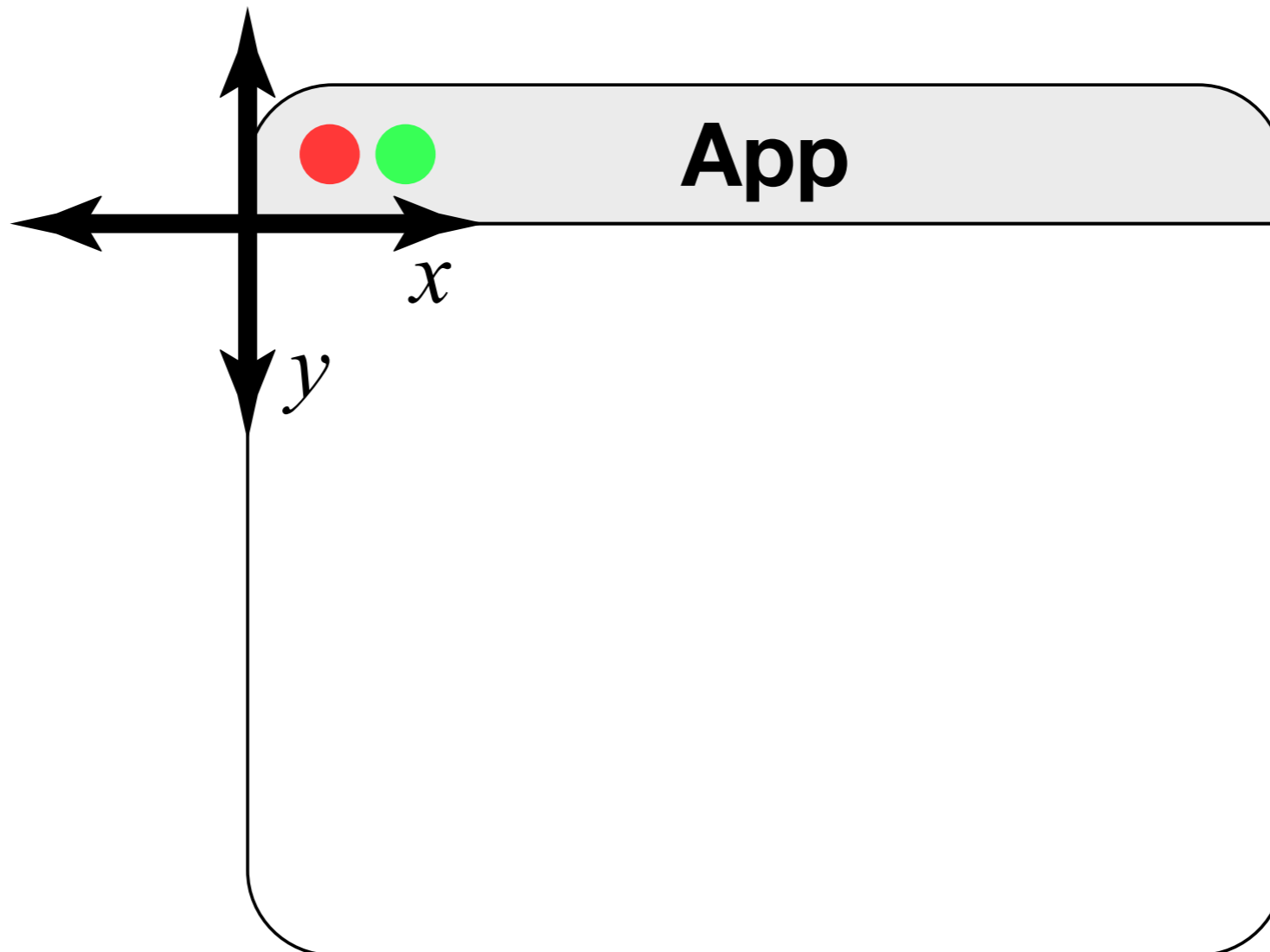


`drawHouse()`



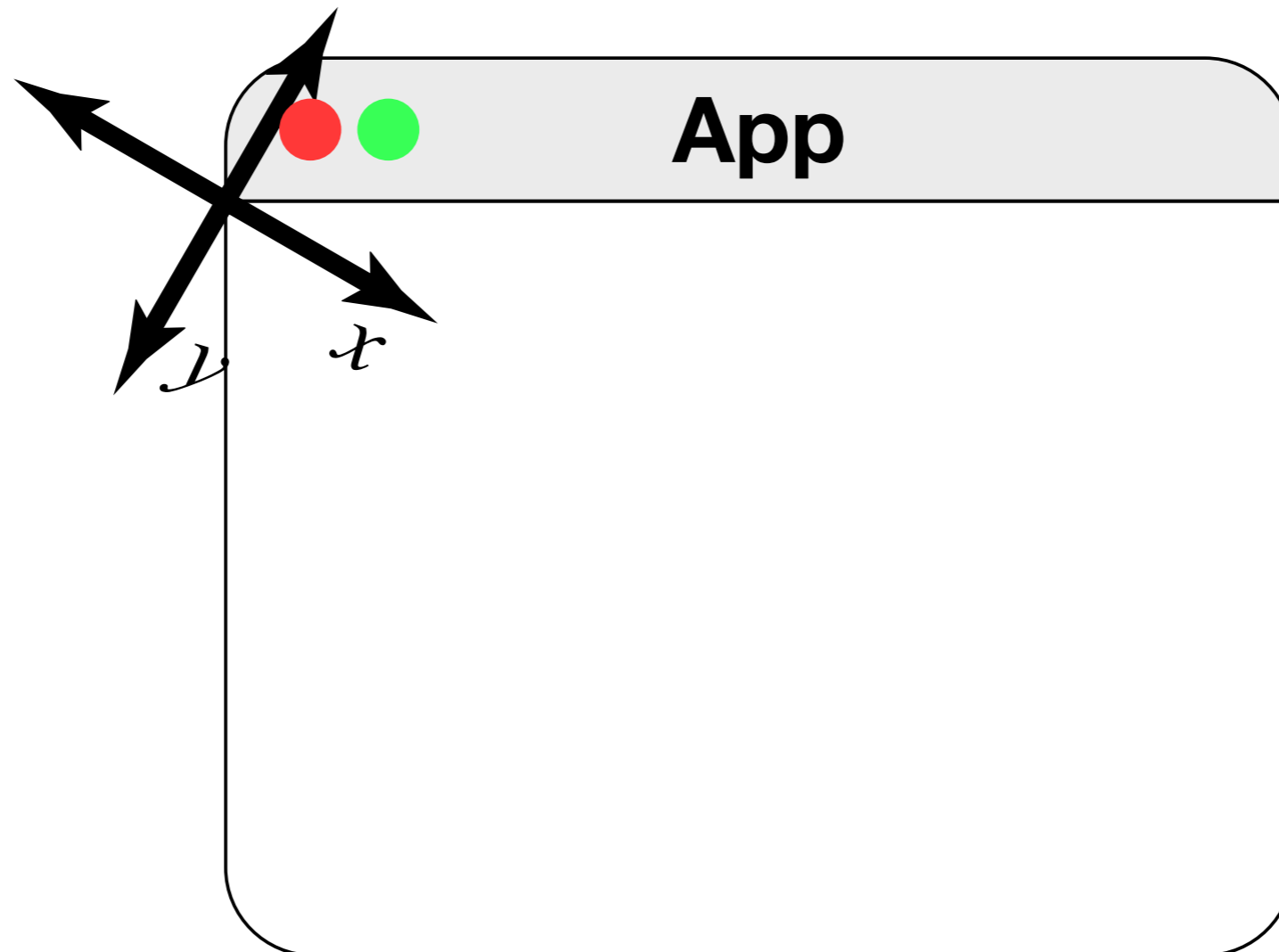
In this second model, each transformation must be applied in the transformed coordinate system that got you there!

```
rotate( radians( 30 ) );  
translate( 100, 0 );  
rect( 0, 0, 200, 100 );
```



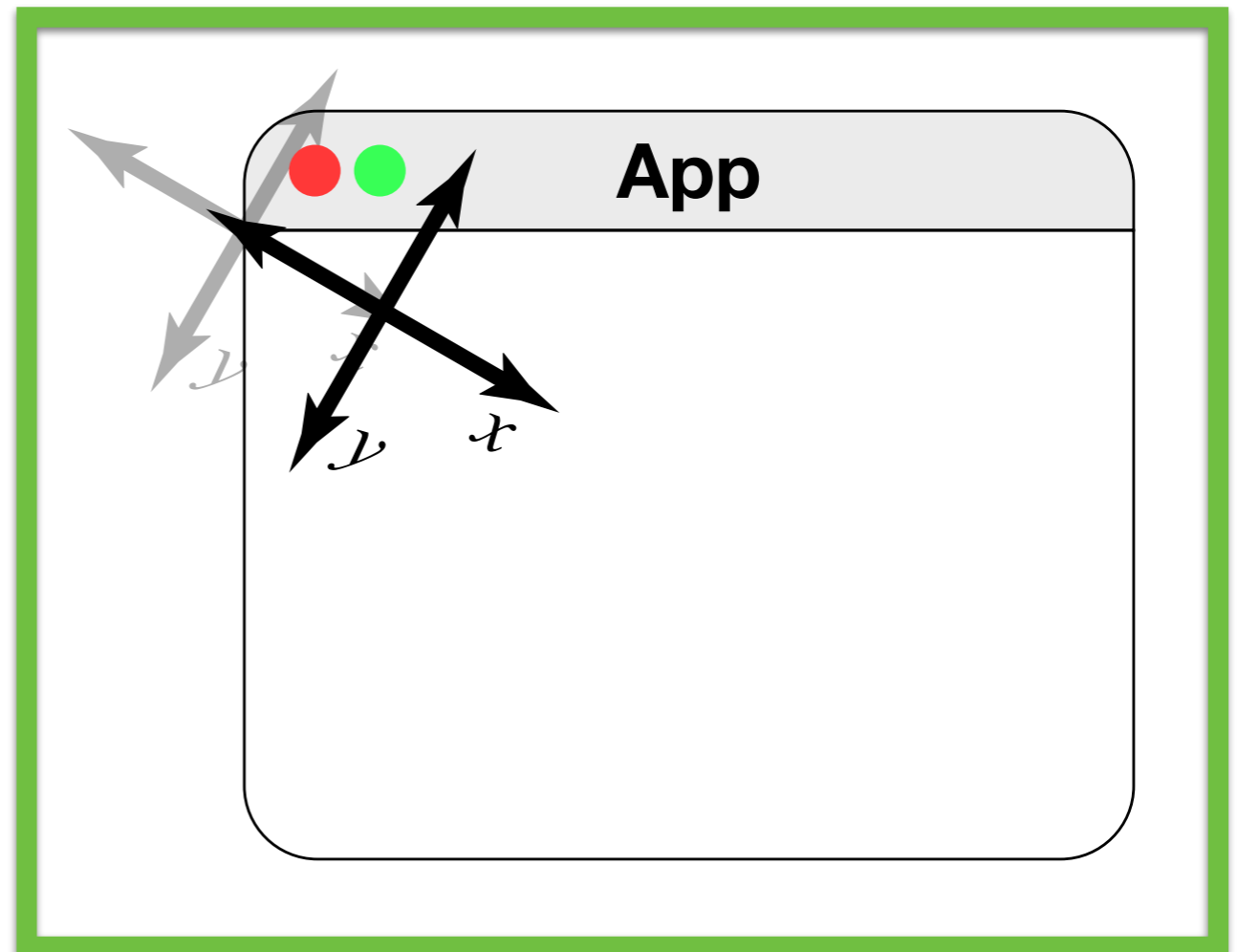
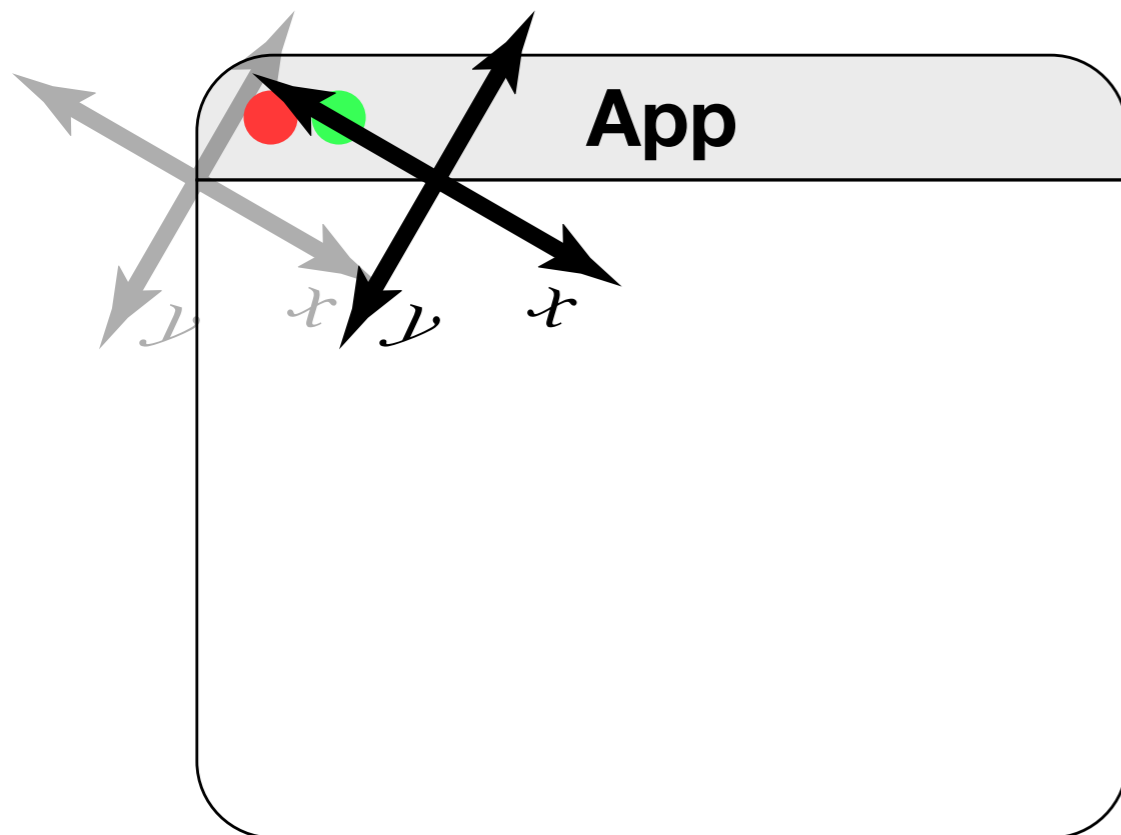
In this second model, each transformation must be applied in the transformed coordinate system that got you there!

```
rotate( radians( 30 ) );  
translate( 100, 0 );  
rect( 0, 0, 200, 100 );
```



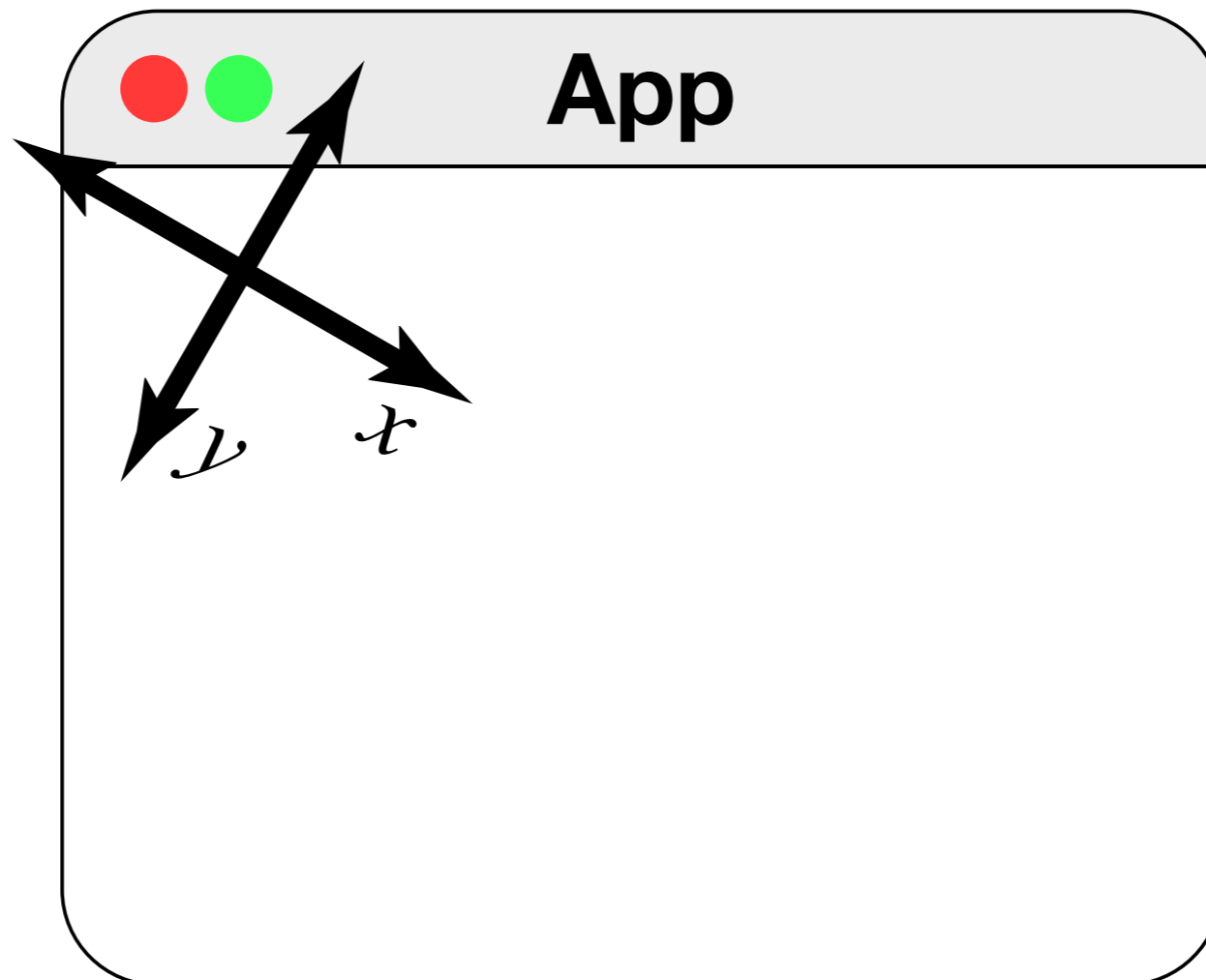
In this second model, each transformation must be applied in the transformed coordinate system that got you there!

```
rotate( radians( 30 ) );  
translate( 100, 0 );  
rect( 0, 0, 200, 100 );
```



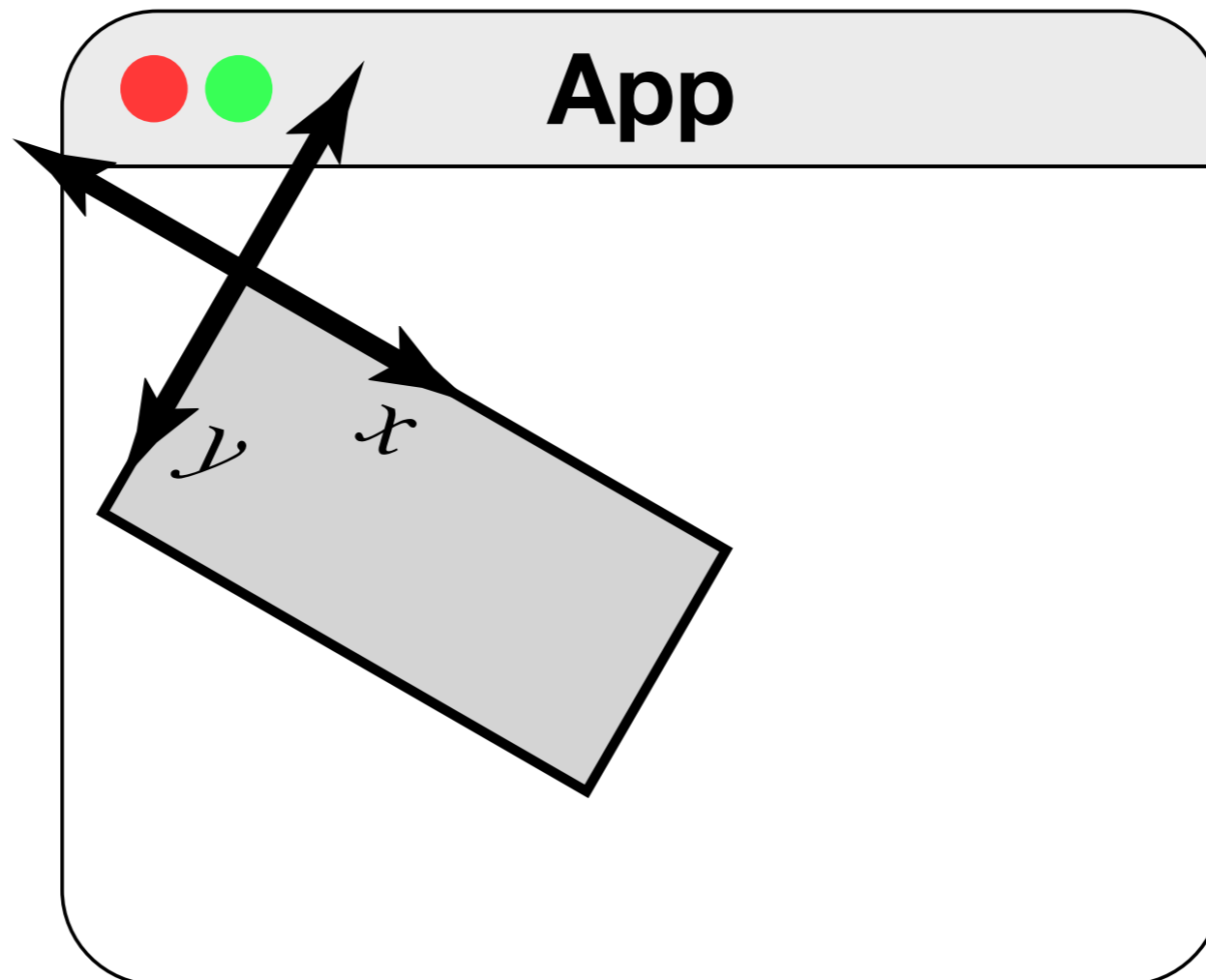
In this second model, each transformation must be applied in the transformed coordinate system that got you there!

```
rotate( radians( 30 ) );  
translate( 100, 0 );  
rect( 0, 0, 200, 100 );
```

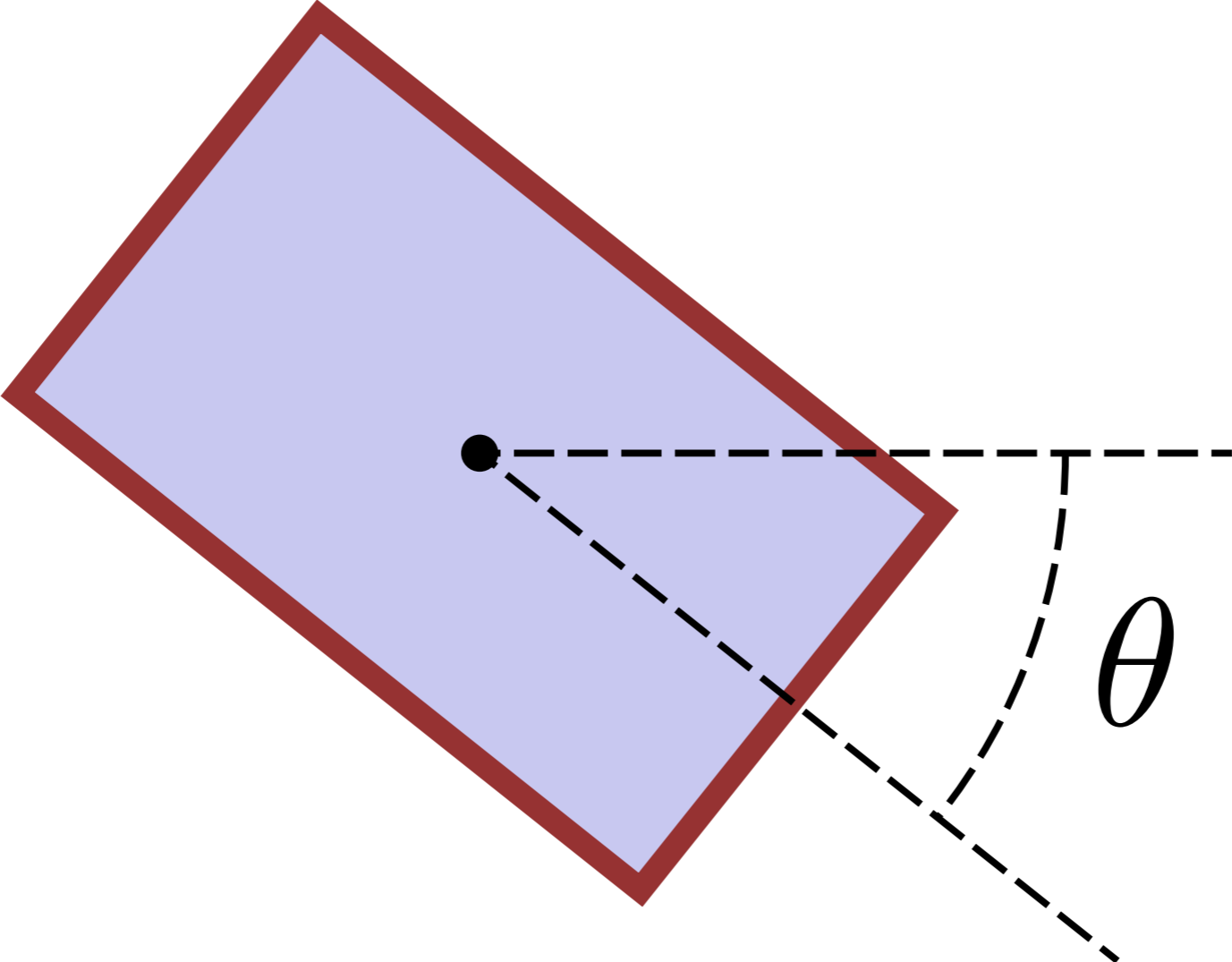


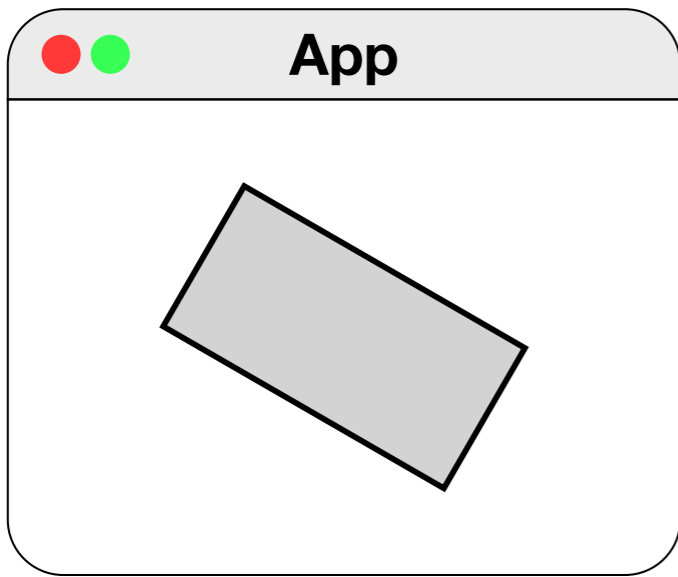
In this second model, each transformation must be applied in the transformed coordinate system that got you there!

```
rotate( radians( 30 ) );  
translate( 100, 0 );  
rect( 0, 0, 200, 100 );
```



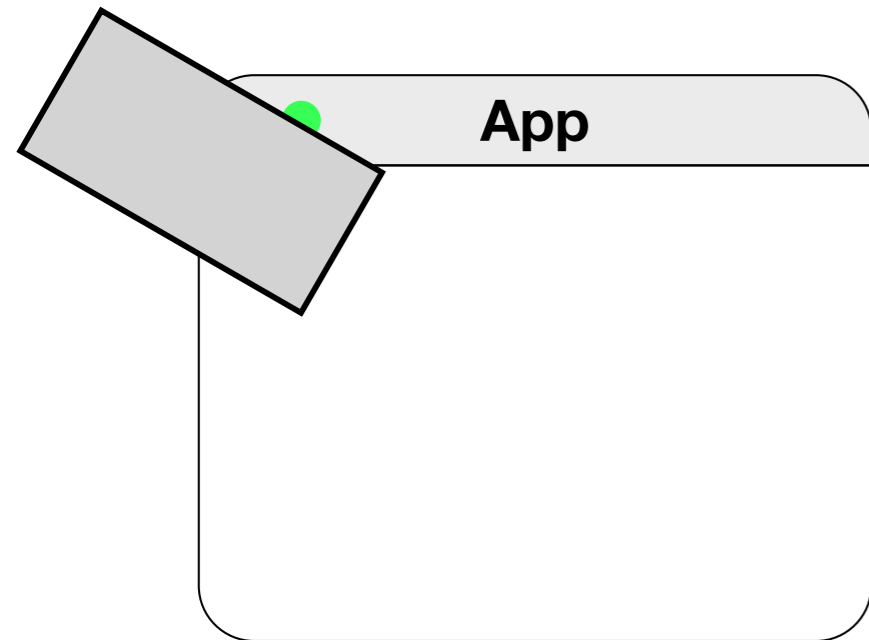






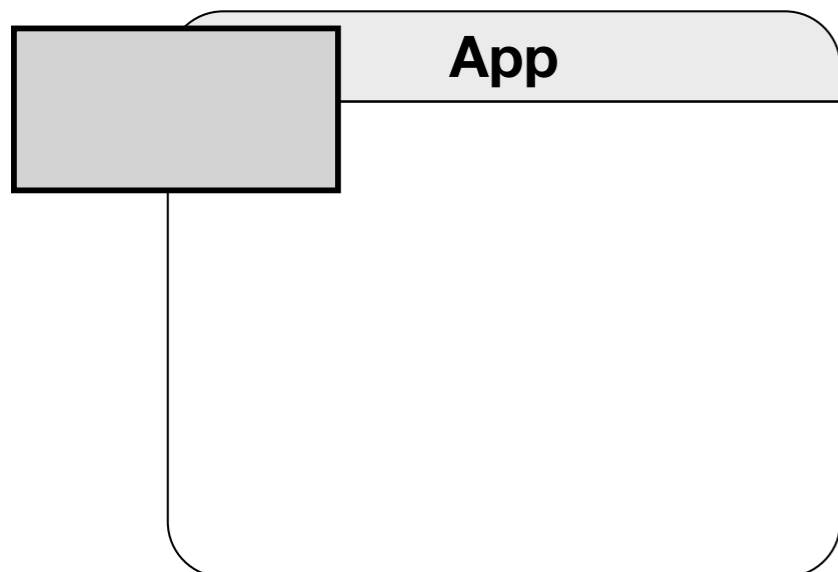
**3. Translate (0,0) to the centre of the sketch**

```
translate( width/2, height/2 );
```



**2. Rotate it**

```
rotate( radians( 30 ) );
```



**1. Draw a rectangle centred on (0,0)**

```
rect( -100, -50, 200, 100 );
```

# Complex transformations

Sometimes it's easiest to build up a complicated transformation from smaller steps.

**Example: rotating about an arbitrary point  $(x,y)$  by an angle  $\theta$ .**

**3. Translate the origin  
back to  $(x,y)$**

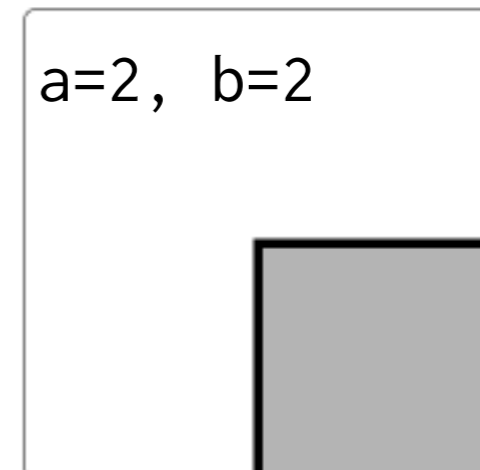
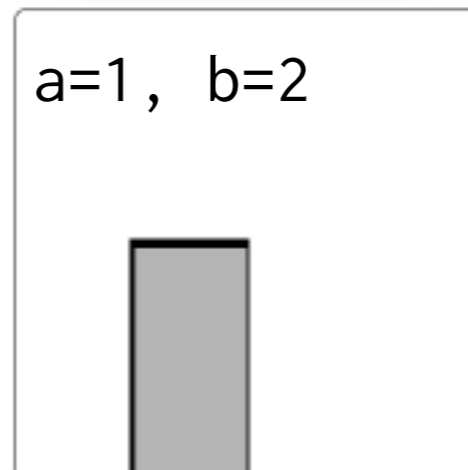
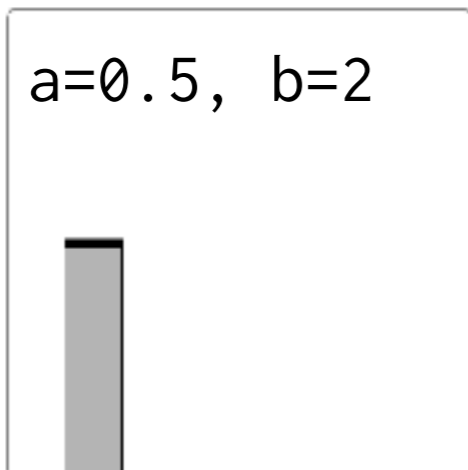
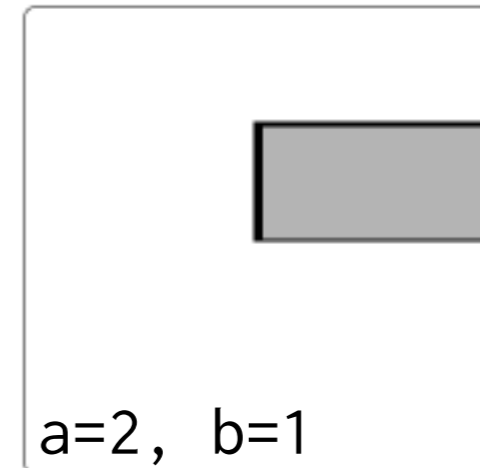
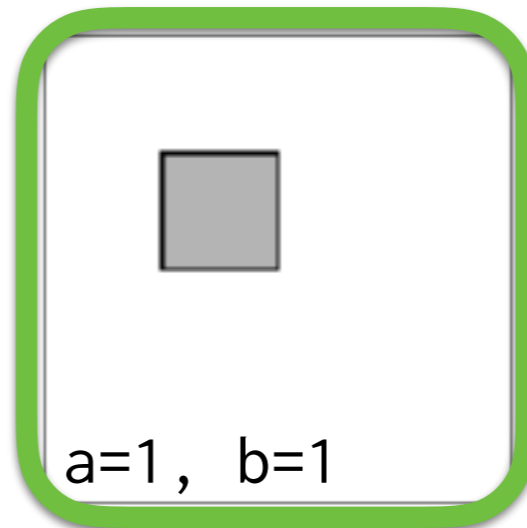
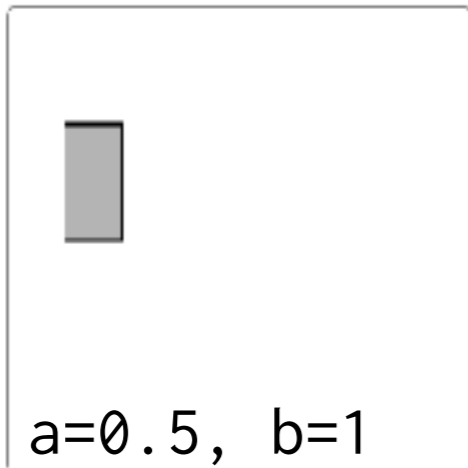
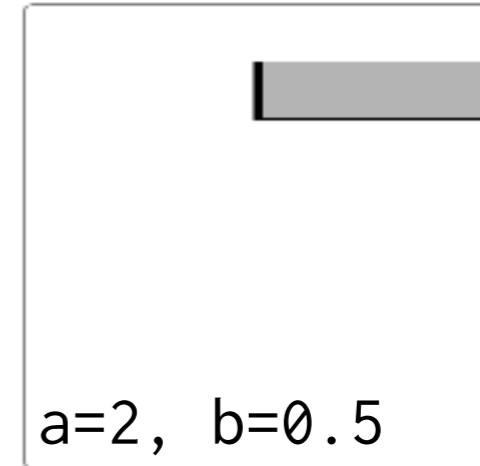
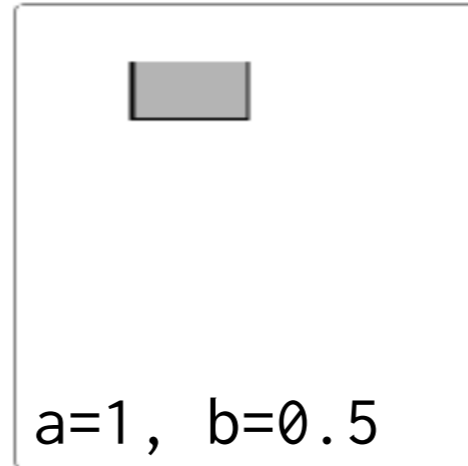
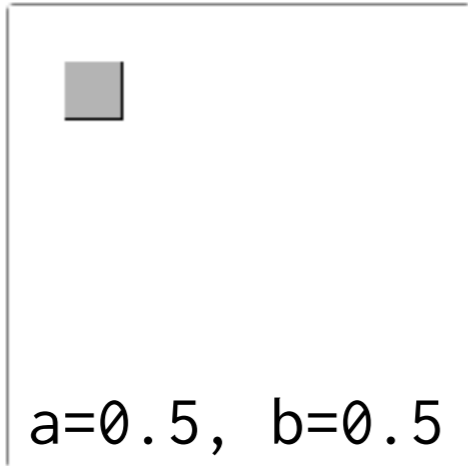
**2. Rotate**

**1. Translate  $(x,y)$  to  
the origin**

```
void rotateAboutPoint(  
    float x, float y, float theta )  
{  
    translate( x, y );  
  
    rotate( radians( theta ) );  
  
    translate( -x, -y );  
}
```

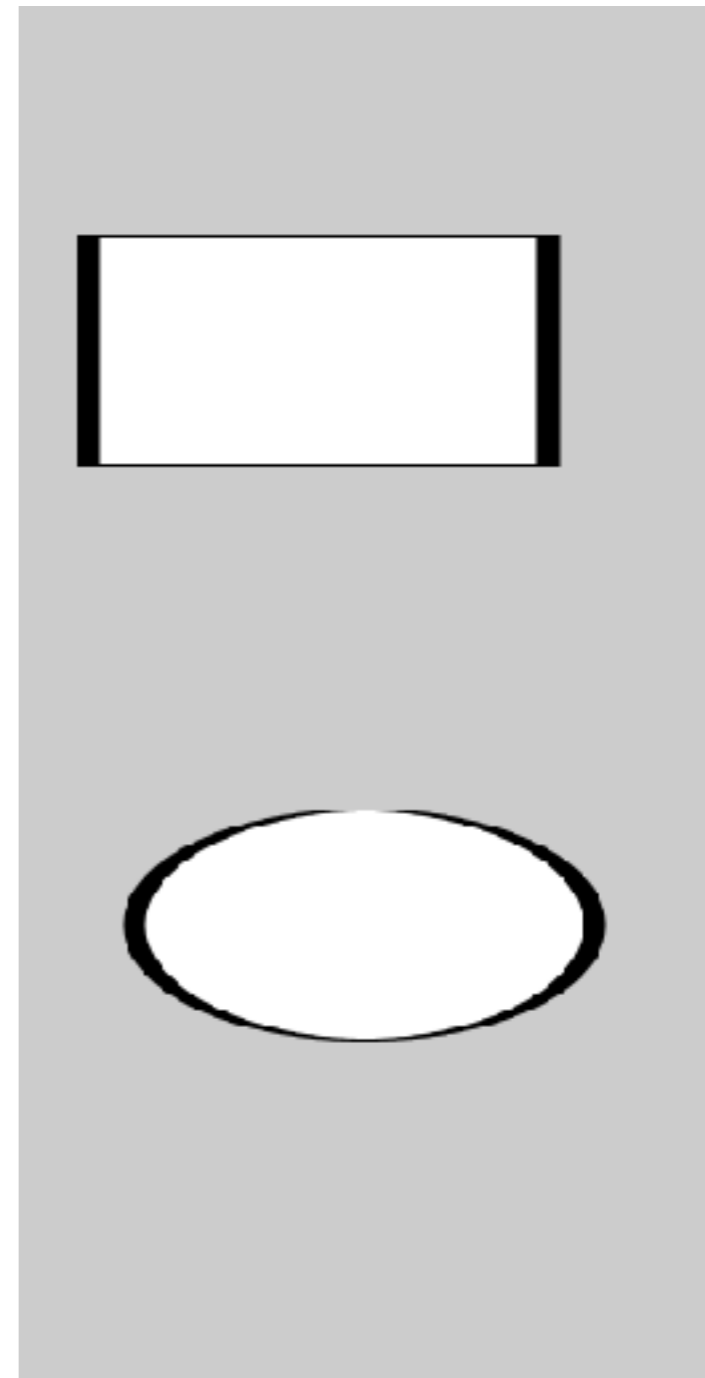
`scale( a, b )`: **Scale the current geometric context by some factors  $a$  and  $b$  *about the origin*.**

```
size( 200, 200 );  
scale( a, b );  
rect( 50, 50, 50, 50 );
```



# Beware: scaling affects strokes too!

```
void setup()  
{  
  size( 300, 600 );  
  scale( 10, 1 );  
  rect( 3, 100, 20, 100 );  
  ellipse( 15, 400, 20, 100 );  
  save( "output.png" );  
}
```



# Complex transformations

```
void rotateAboutPoint(  
    float x, float y, float theta )  
{  
    translate( x, y );  
    rotate( radians( theta ) );  
    translate( -x, -y );  
}
```

```
void scaleAboutPoint(  
    float x, float y, float s )  
{  
    translate( x, y );  
    scale( s );  
    translate( -x, -y );  
}
```

# TRS

When in doubt, try the order TRS (Translate, Rotate, Scale) in your code.

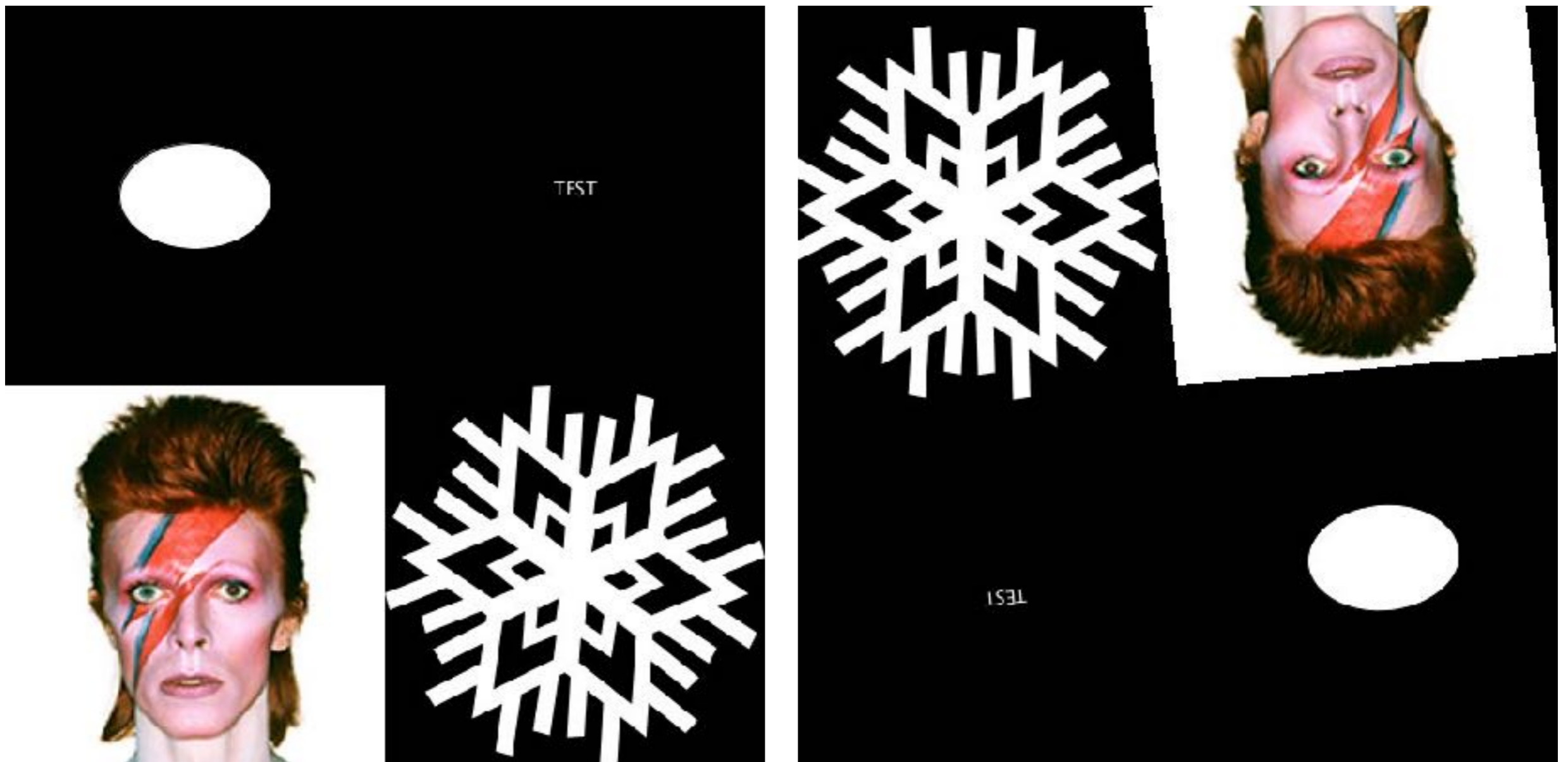
```
translate( x, y );  
rotate( theta );  
scale( sx, sy );  
// Draw stuff here.
```

```
pushMatrix();  
translate( x, y );  
rotate( theta );  
scale( sx, sy );  
// Draw stuff here.  
popMatrix();
```



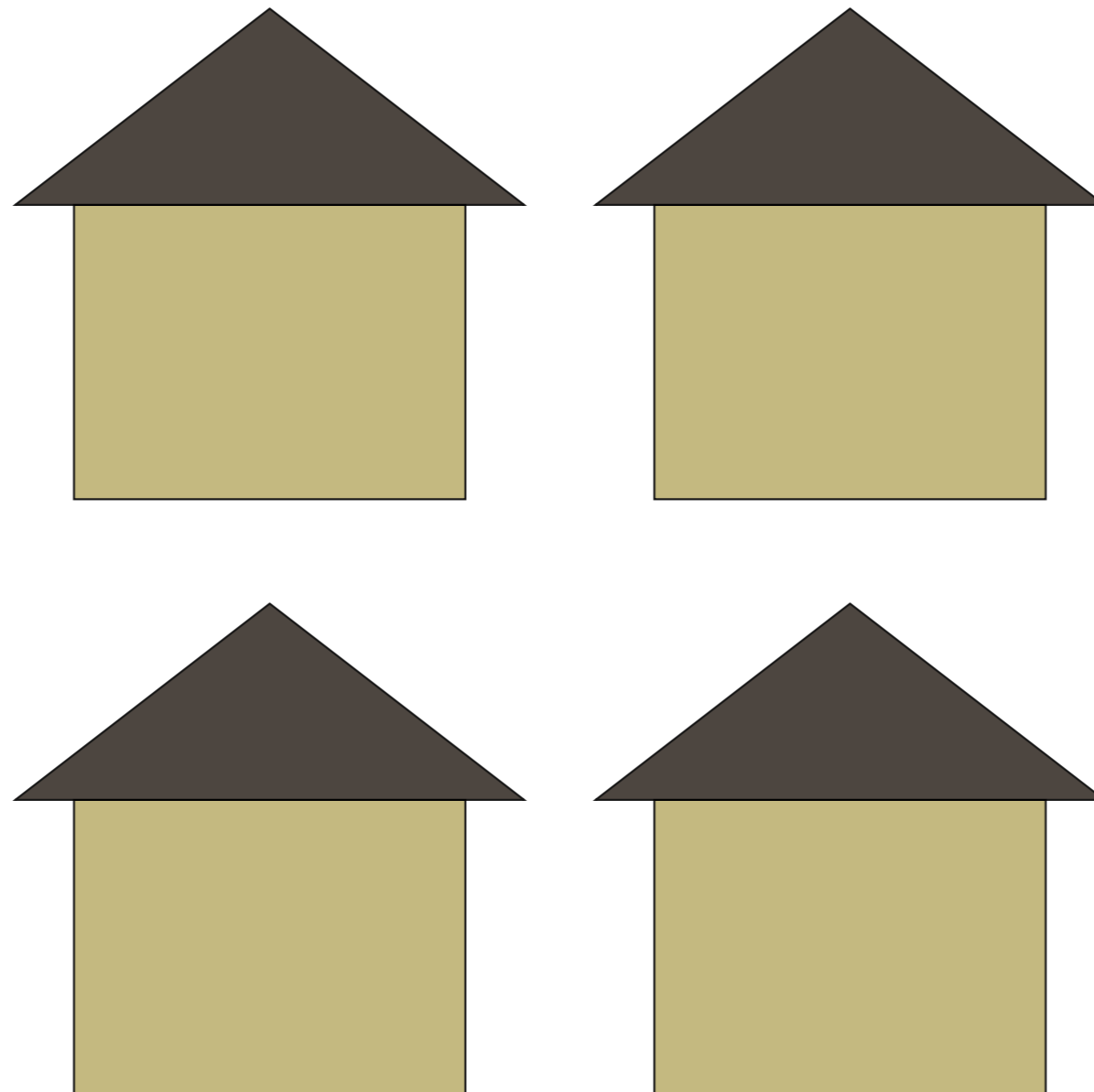
# Context affects everything!

Geometric context affects everything drawn on the screen: shapes, images, illustrations, text, ...



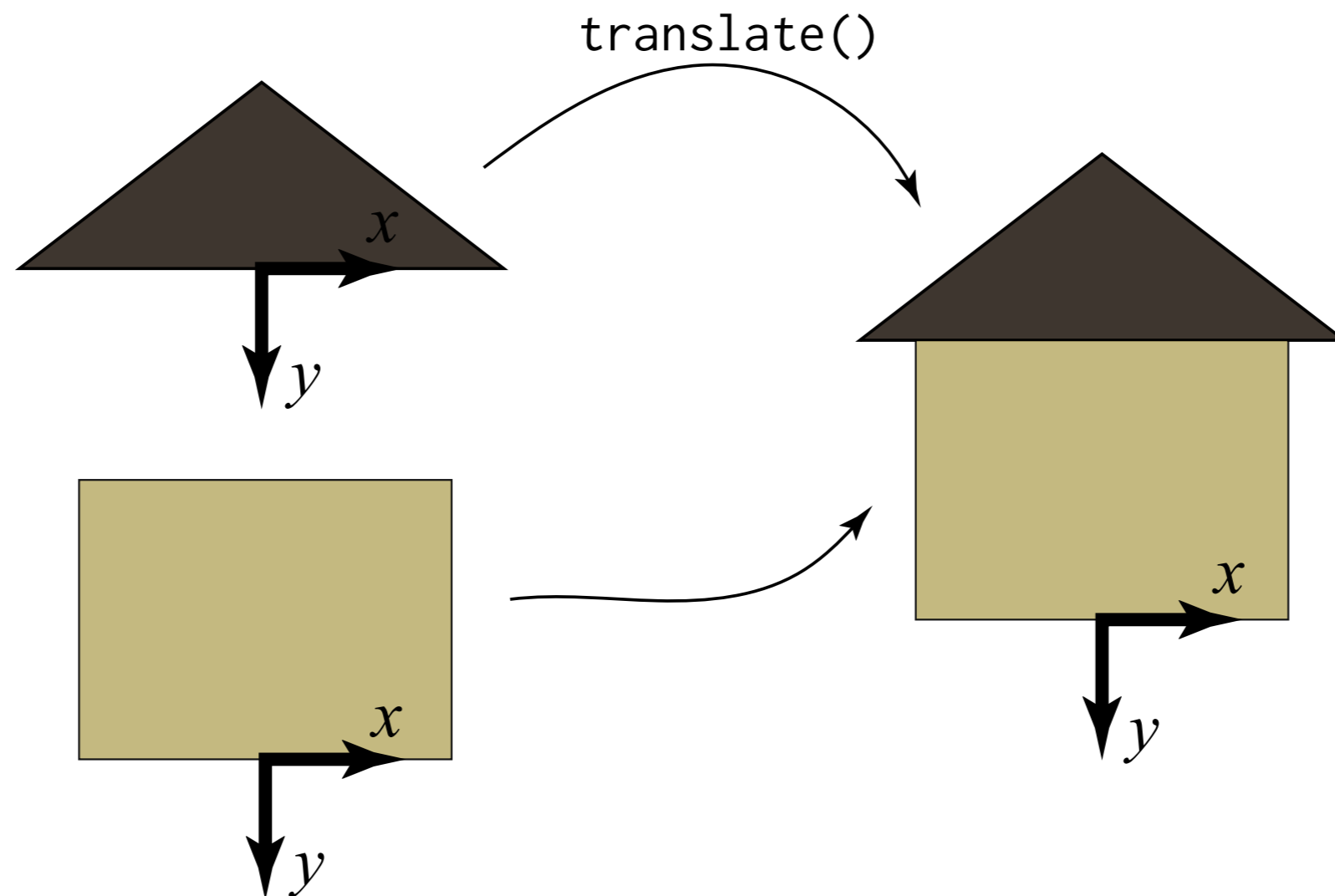
# Hierarchical Modelling

With geometric context, we can define functions that express “reusable components” in drawings.



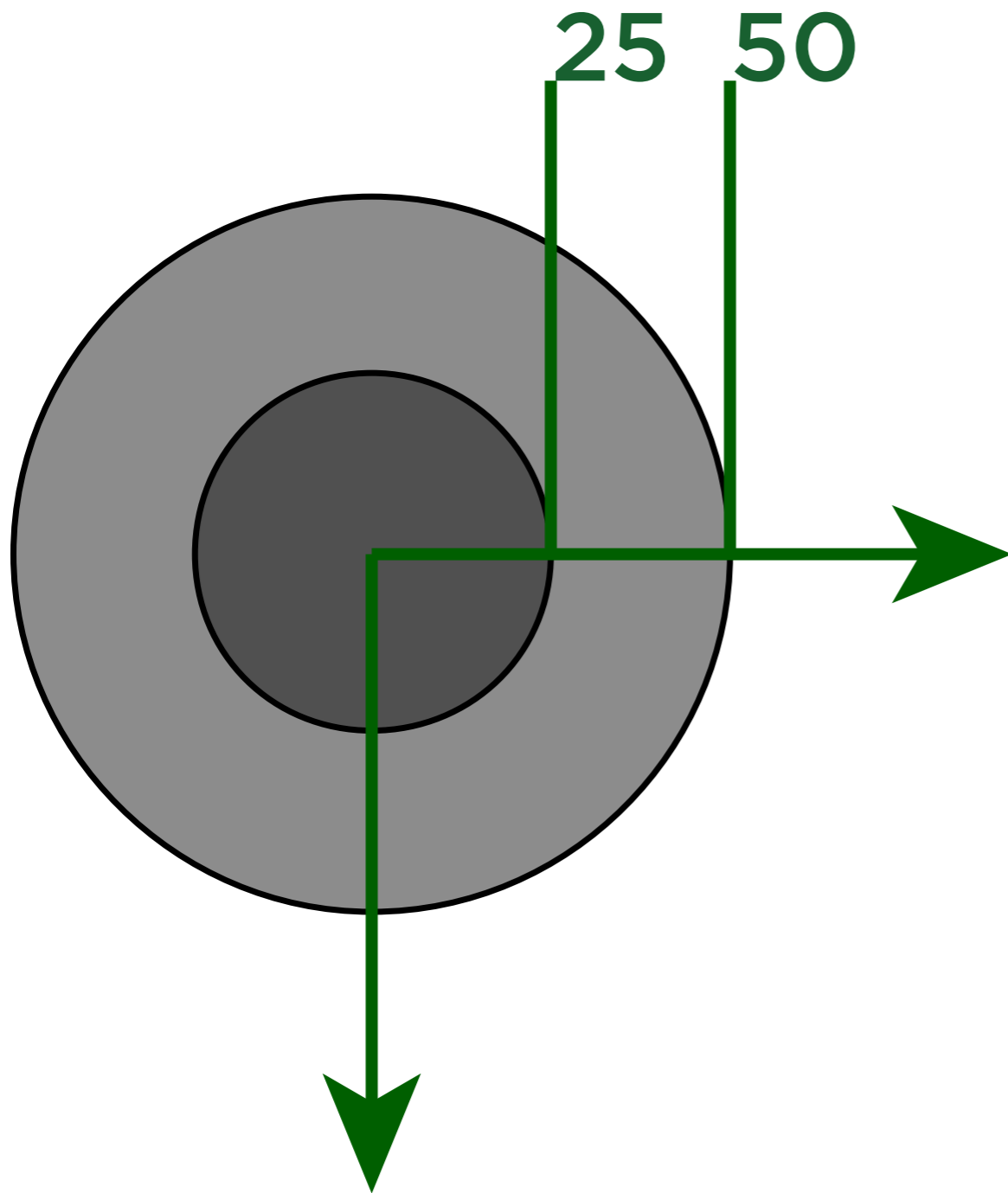
# Hierarchical Modelling

Geometric context also lets us express the relative spatial relationships between parts of an object.

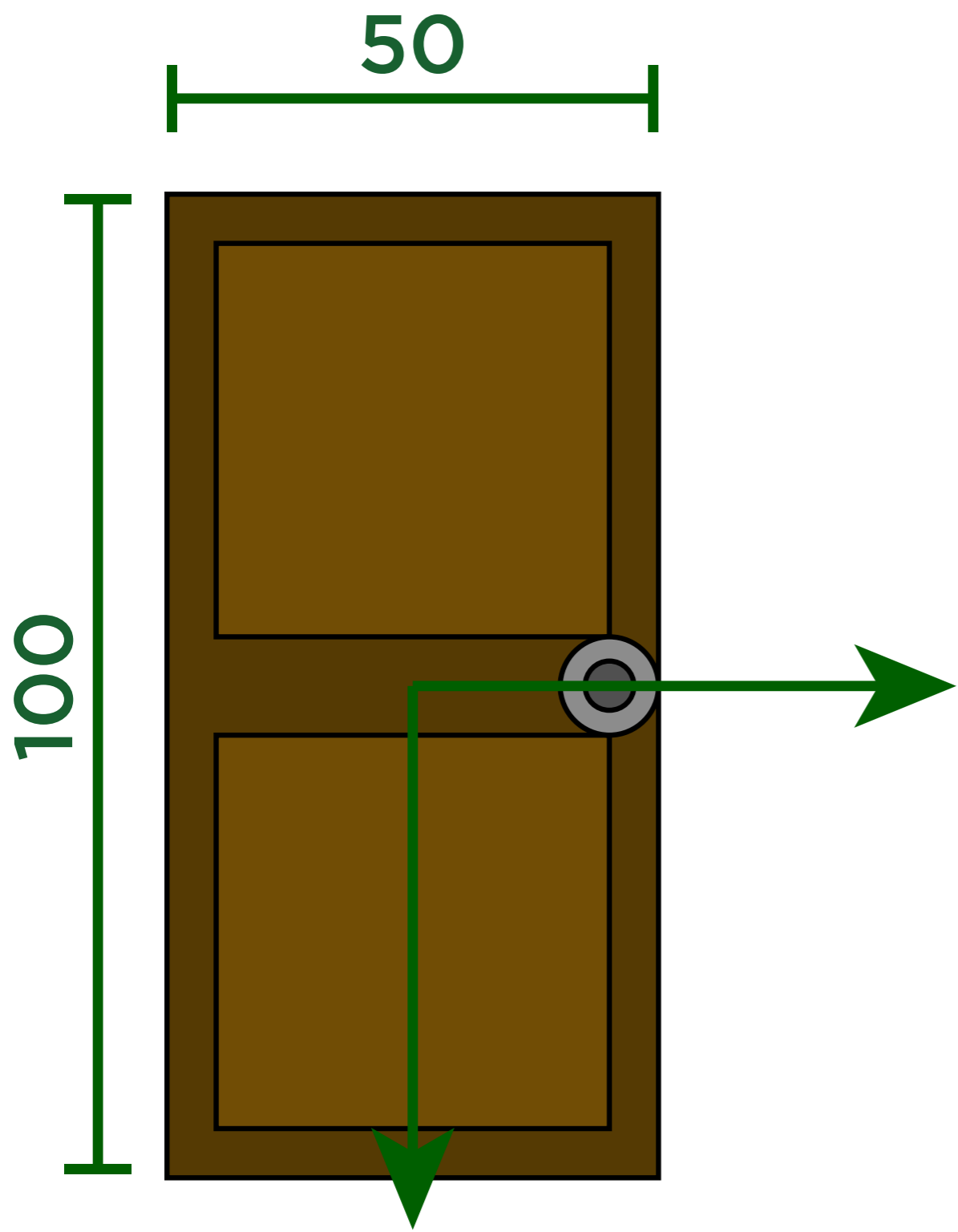


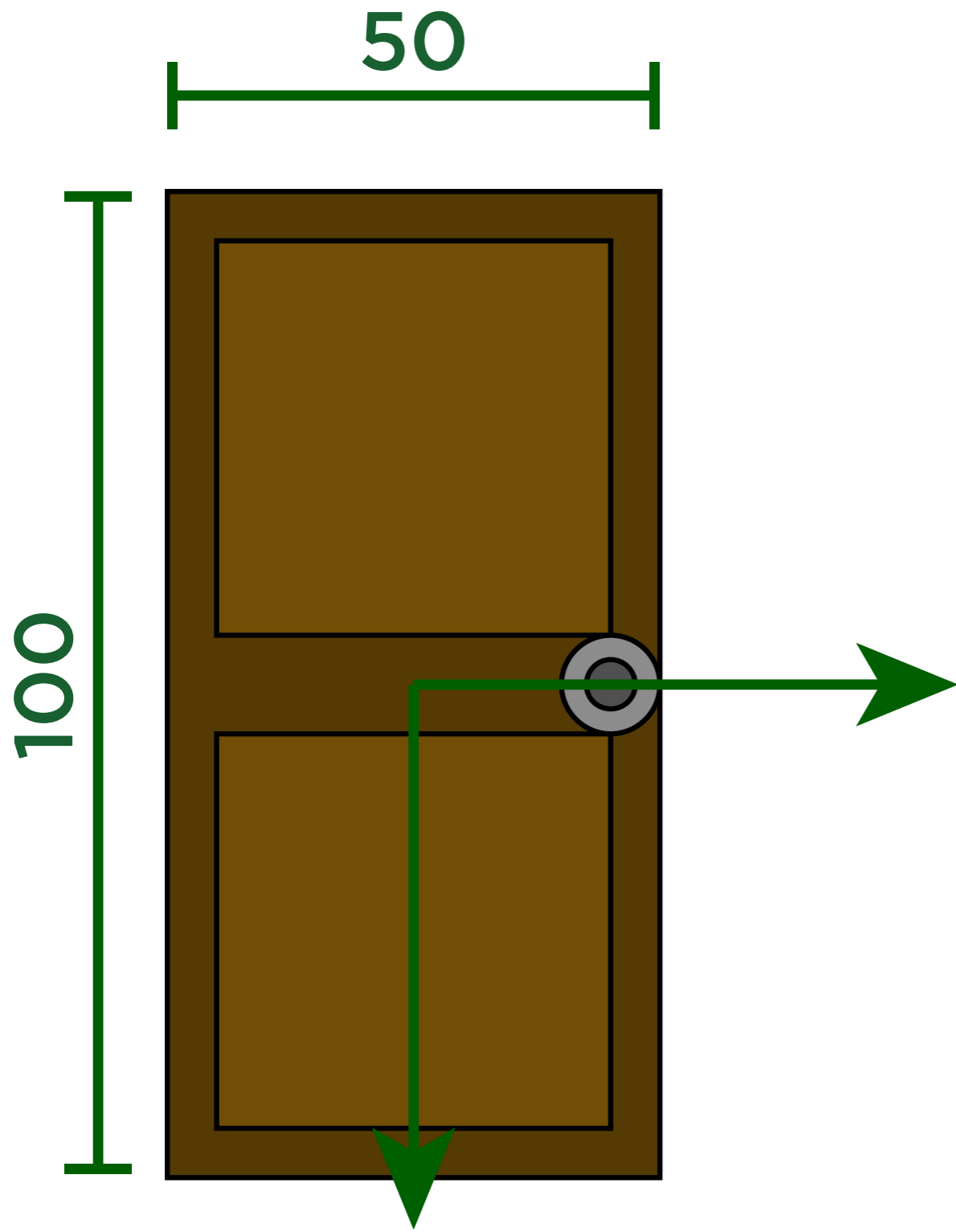
# **Hierarchical Modelling**

**We can use these properties to build up complicated, interesting drawings from hierarchies of simpler pieces.**

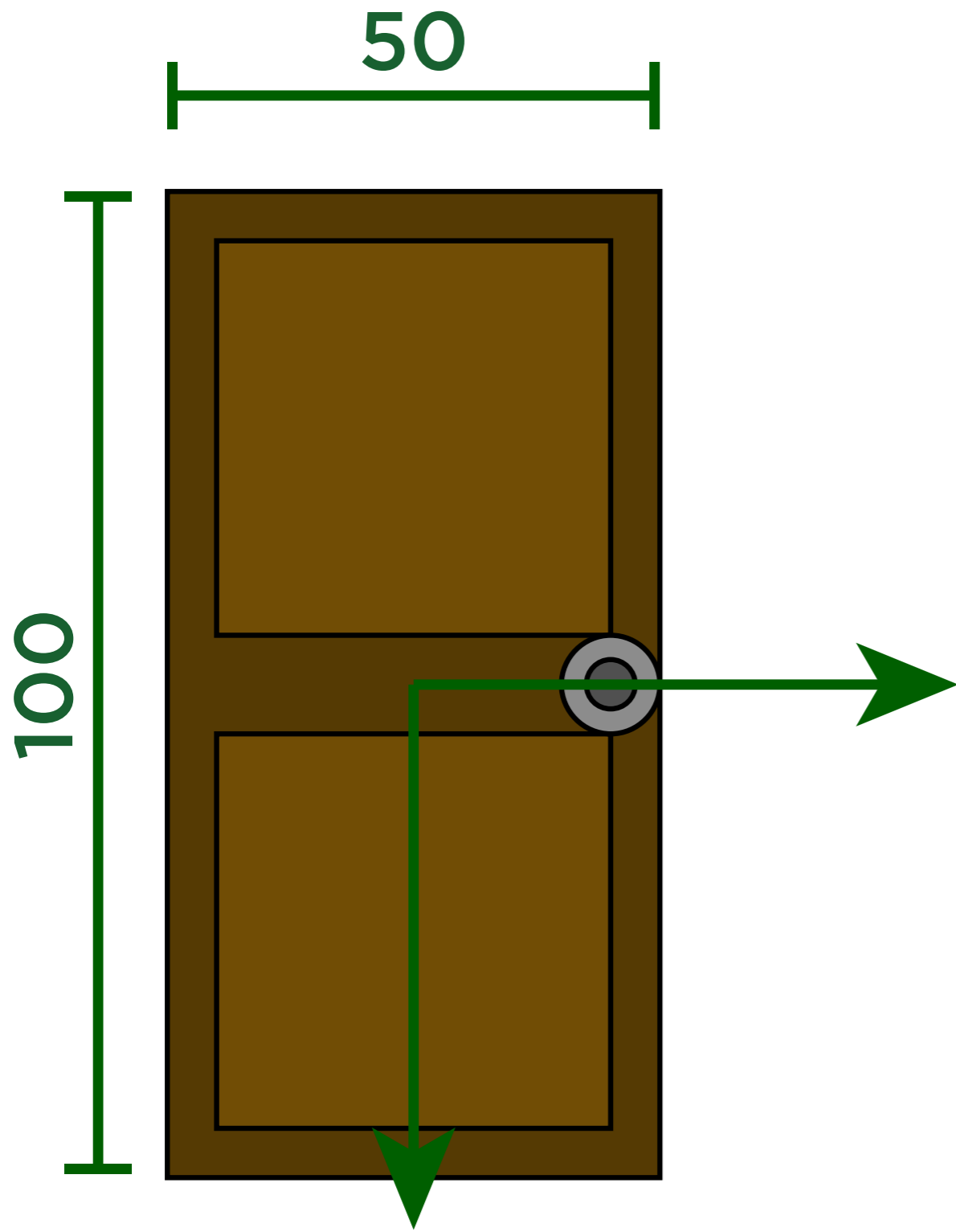


```
void doorknob()  
{  
    fill( 140 );  
    ellipse( 0, 0, 100, 100 );  
    fill( 80 );  
    ellipse( 0, 0, 50, 50 );  
}
```



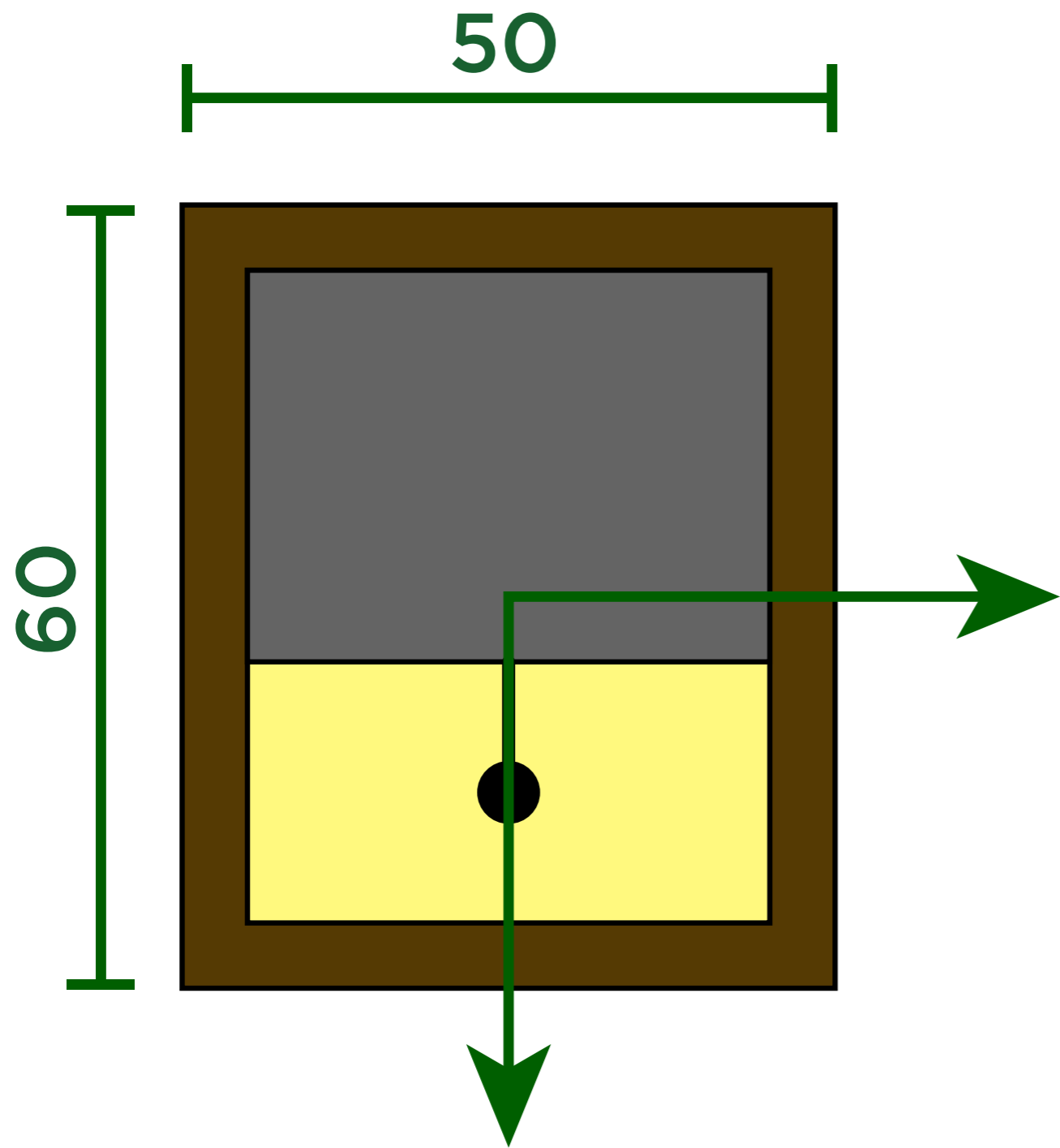


```
void door()  
{  
    fill( #553A03 );  
    rect( -25, -50, 50, 100 );  
    fill( #714D05 );  
    rect( -20, -45, 40, 40 );  
    rect( -20, 5, 40, 40 );  
}
```



```
void door()  
{  
    fill( #553A03 );  
    rect( -25, -50, 50, 100 );  
    fill( #714D05 );  
    rect( -20, -45, 40, 40 );  
    rect( -20, 5, 40, 40 );  
  
    pushMatrix();  
    translate( 20, 0 );  
    scale( 0.1 );  
    doorknob();  
    popMatrix();  
}
```





```
void window()  
{  
    fill( #553A03 );  
    rect( -25, -30, 50, 60 );  
    fill( #FFF97E );  
    rect( -20, -25, 40, 50 );  
    fill( 100 );  
    rect( -20, -25, 40, 30 );  
    line( 0, 5, 0, 15 );  
    fill( 0 );  
    ellipse( 0, 15, 4, 4 );  
}
```

